

CHEMTAX: developments in interpretation of pigment field data

Simon Wright

**Australian Antarctic Division
and
Antarctic Climate and Ecosystems Cooperative Research
Centre**

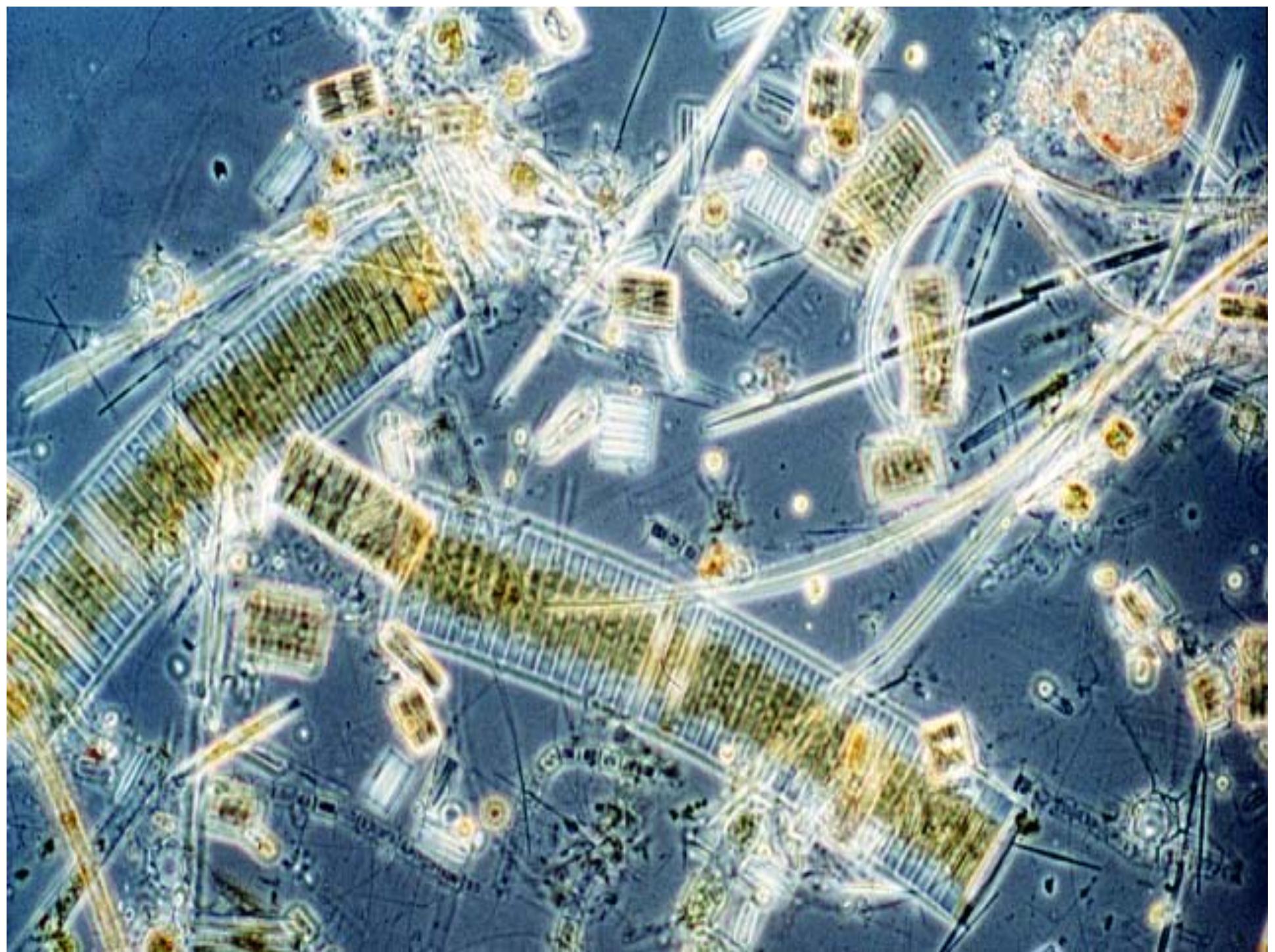


Australian Government

**Department of the Environment and Heritage
Australian Antarctic Division**



**ANTARCTIC CLIMATE
& ECOSYSTEMS
COOPERATIVE RESEARCH CENTRE**

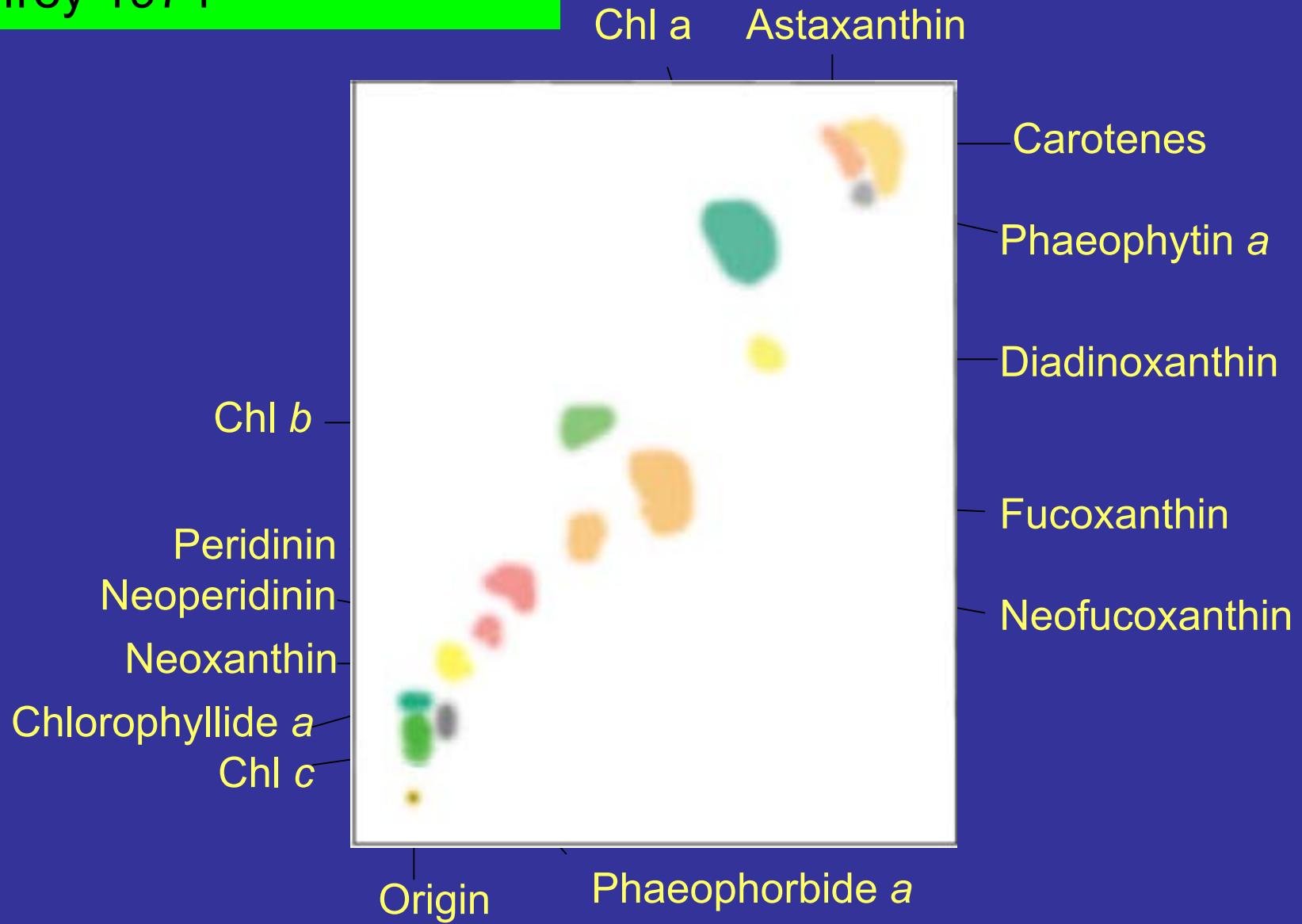


Interpretation of pigment field data

- Overview
- Developments
 - Quantitative interpretation chapter
 - Development of software
- Application

Thin layer chromatography

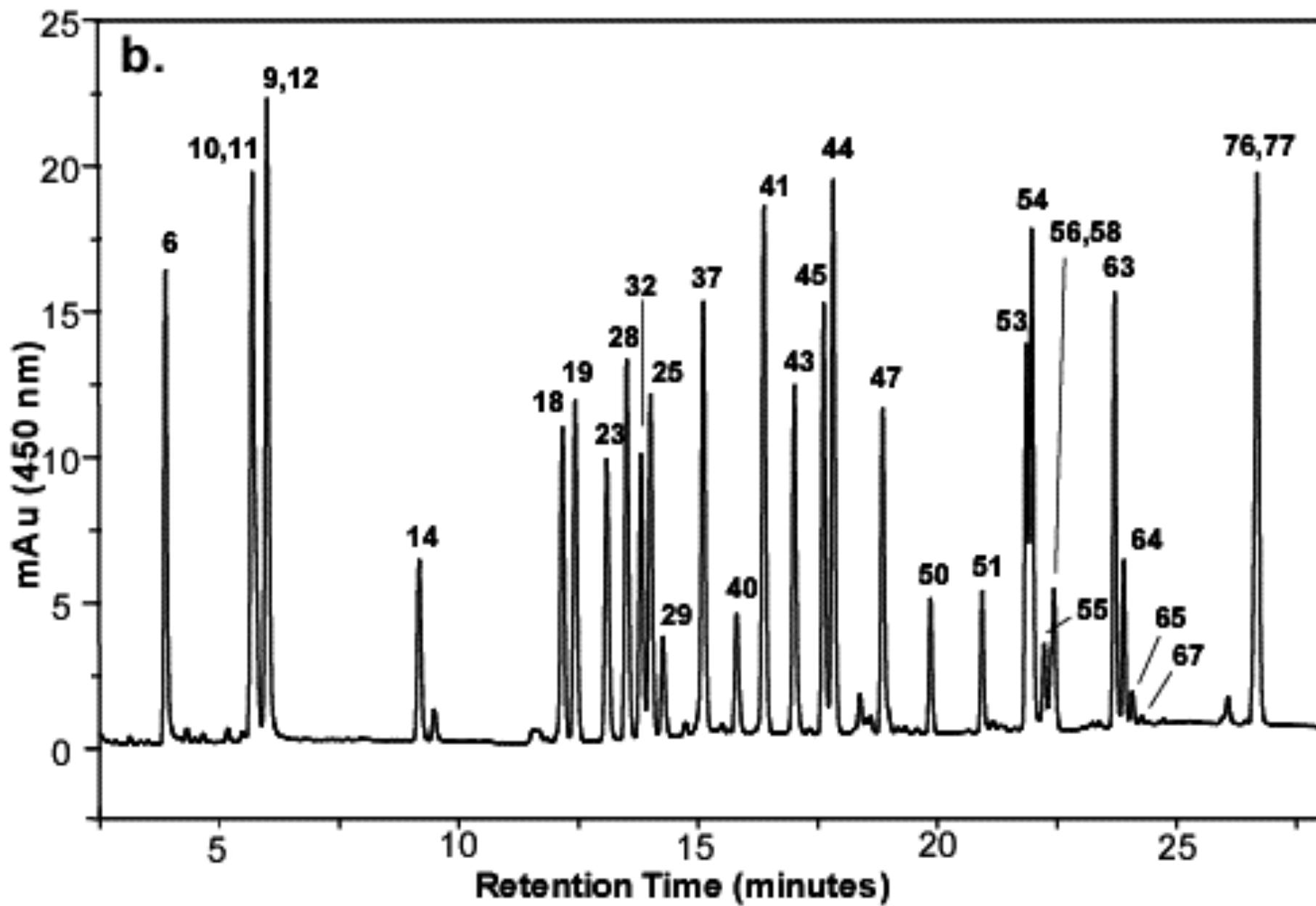
Jeffrey 1974



Jeffrey 1974

Pigments Algal types or biological processes indicated

Chl a	
Chl c	
Fucoxanthin	
Diadinoxanthin	
Chl b	Diatoms and / or chrysomonads
Neoxanthin	
Peridinin	Green algae
Chlorophyllide a	
Phaeophorbide a	Dinoflagellates
Phaeophytin a	Senescent diatoms (due to chlorophyllase)
Astaxanthin	Faecal pellets of copepods
High chl c:a ratios	Us. Trace amounts on all c'grams
	Copepods present
	Senescent phytoplankton or detritus



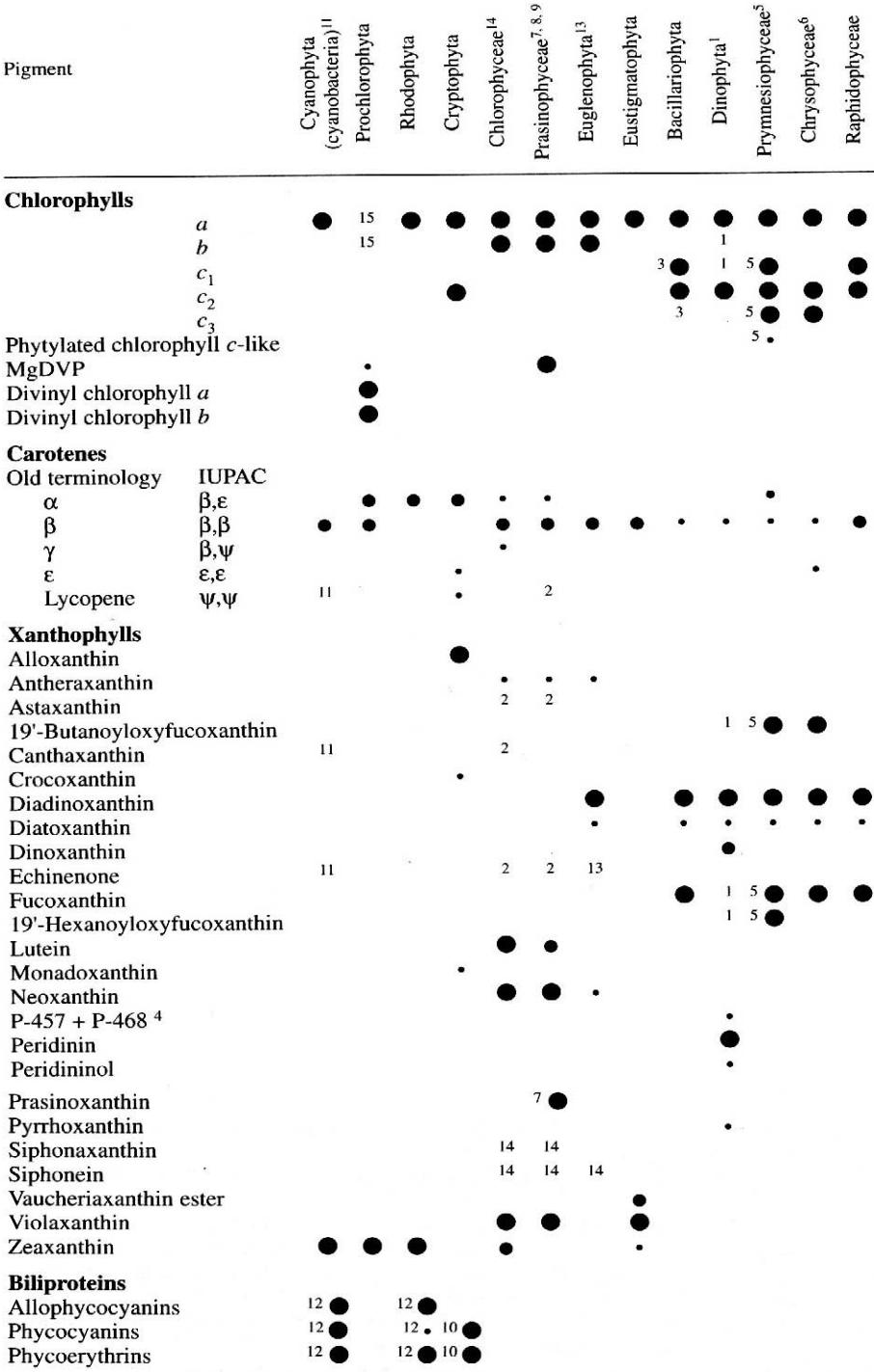
HPLC analysis of pigments

HPLC data

Sample	Depth (m)	CTD NO.	Lat	Long	chl c3	peri	but	fuc	hex	pras	violax	ddx	allox	lutein	zea
98MAR151	15.8	041	48.22445	141.4017	0.031392	0.027687	0.013293	0.072922	0.064616	0.00591	0.004732	0.035452	0.00051	0.003593	0.003148
98MAR152	31.6	041	48.22445	141.4017	0.035344	0.027601	0.013483	0.071824	0.065545	0.006021	0.005369	0.037461	0.000958	0.003663	0.003272
98MAR153	44.4	041	48.22445	141.4017	0.02762	0.027792	0.012789	0.070482	0.06295	0.005781	0.003962	0.035773	0.001032	0.003611	0.002886
98MAR154	60.7	041	48.22445	141.4017	0.034245	0.028429	0.013522	0.073983	0.066931	0.006996	0.004527	0.037545	0.000895	0.003833	0.003409
98MAR155	87.5	041	48.22445	141.4017	0.031448	0.026573	0.013022	0.070428	0.062184	0.005939	0.004872	0.033211	0.000988	0.003731	0.003192
98MAR156	119.4	041	48.22445	141.4017	0.00206	0.001961	0.000882	0.005445	0.002631	0.000595	0.000181	0.000839	0.000285	0	0.000123
98MAR157	8.3	043	49.5136	141.7885	0.032184	0.031934	0.0139	0.064827	0.073772	0.006293	0.005072	0.032724	0.000727	0.00307	0.002944
98MAR158	17.6	043	49.5136	141.7885	0.02864	0.02996	0.01272	0.056662	0.065716	0.005188	0.003753	0.030954	0.001069	0.002544	0.002254
98MAR159	31.7	043	49.5136	141.7885	0.035289	0.032554	0.013662	0.062159	0.071614	0.006577	0.00505	0.032701	0.001156	0.002741	0.002603
98MAR160	49.2	043	49.5136	141.7885	0.034737	0.03299	0.013943	0.063439	0.072411	0.006559	0.00429	0.033522	0.000982	0.00305	0.002413
98MAR161	62.3	043	49.5136	141.7885	0.027936	0.033016	0.013617	0.063596	0.072187	0.006351	0.005184	0.032443	0.000334	0.002721	0.002536
98MAR162	74.4	043	49.5136	141.7885	0.029441	0.035429	0.014008	0.064851	0.073278	0.006214	0.00395	0.033054	0.000719	0.002975	0.002646
98MAR163	89.8	043	49.5136	141.7885	0.037024	0.032282	0.013194	0.061935	0.068627	0.005887	0.004741	0.030555	0.001009	0.002916	0.002022
98MAR164	104.4	043	49.5136	141.7885	0.008651	0.003389	0.004103	0.029902	0.008678	0.002161	0.000701	0.003551	0	0	0.000497
98MAR165	120.6	043	49.5136	141.7885	0.001619	0.002375	0.001465	0.007307	0.003128	0.000336	0.000449	0.001023	0.000225	0	0.000123
98MAR166	152.4	043	49.5136	141.7885	0.001276	0.002911	0.000611	0.003189	0.001495	0.000518	0	0.000829	0	0.000311	0.000127
98MAR167	205.8	043	49.5136	141.7885	0.000909	0.001968	0.000797	0.006559	0.00127	0	0	0.001219	0.000147	0	0.000329
98MAR168	250.3	043	49.5136	141.7885	0	0	0.000406	0.006389	0.001237	0	0	0	0	0	0
98MAR169	5.8	045	49.60053	141.8961	0.032677	0.040781	0.014809	0.064245	0.07578	0.007188	0.003831	0.047372	0.001394	0.003732	0.002638
98MAR170	18	045	49.60053	141.8961	0.029472	0.034098	0.01317	0.051162	0.071568	0.006875	0.0044	0.040767	0.001243	0.003521	0.002771
98MAR171	30.1	045	49.60053	141.8961	0.035932	0.037349	0.013961	0.062603	0.071785	0.006484	0.005567	0.04741	0.001365	0.003752	0.003092
98MAR172	45.8	045	49.60053	141.8961	0.035648	0.039172	0.014342	0.064738	0.073931	0.005836	0.004241	0.042785	0.000873	0.00382	0.002883
98MAR173	61.9	045	49.60053	141.8961	0.034915	0.038766	0.014196	0.056765	0.076588	0.006384	0.005122	0.033499	0.001295	0.003789	0.003005
98MAR174	76.1	045	49.60053	141.8961	0.038247	0.048277	0.016592	0.068778	0.089713	0.007747	0.006305	0.03503	0.001201	0.003451	0.002712
98MAR175	92.5	045	49.60053	141.8961	0.043461	0.04537	0.016037	0.065489	0.087526	0.0079	0.005406	0.033986	0.001375	0.003765	0.003048
98MAR176	102.2	045	49.60053	141.8961	0.044594	0.047667	0.017678	0.069405	0.089403	0.007358	0.005895	0.033466	0.001255	0.004339	0.003852
98MAR177	104.8	045	49.60053	141.8961	0.039747	0.039694	0.014335	0.057668	0.076858	0.006633	0.003966	0.027412	0.001107	0.00313	0.002533
98MAR178	119	045	49.60053	141.8961	0.006998	0.004086	0.003308	0.022623	0.009092	0.001623	0.0065	0.003255	0.000228	0.000163	0.000389
98MAR179	148.8	045	49.60053	141.8961	0.000827	0.001529	0.00052	0.004228	0.001453	0.000763	0.000283	0.000788	0	0	9.45E-05
98MAR180	6.5	046	50.5319	141.7861	0.036056	0.022301	0.012625	0.11543	0.057005	0.005664	0.003268	0.038251	0.001917	0.001998	0.001217
98MAR181	29.4	046	50.5319	141.7861	0.035386	0.021518	0.012865	0.110655	0.056887	0.007413	0.004481	0.039939	0.001911	0.003303	0.002029
98MAR182	44.7	046	50.5319	141.7861	0.033412	0.020327	0.012383	0.107556	0.055265	0.005418	0.002989	0.039279	0.002011	0.002753	0.001904
98MAR183	60.7	046	50.5319	141.7861	0.030896	0.018553	0.011819	0.105353	0.054373	0.005287	0.003228	0.032453	0.001792	0.002113	0.001428
98MAR184	93	046	50.5319	141.7861	0.028317	0.020547	0.011769	0.081506	0.05888	0.007084	0.003525	0.025059	0.000992	0.002663	0.002216

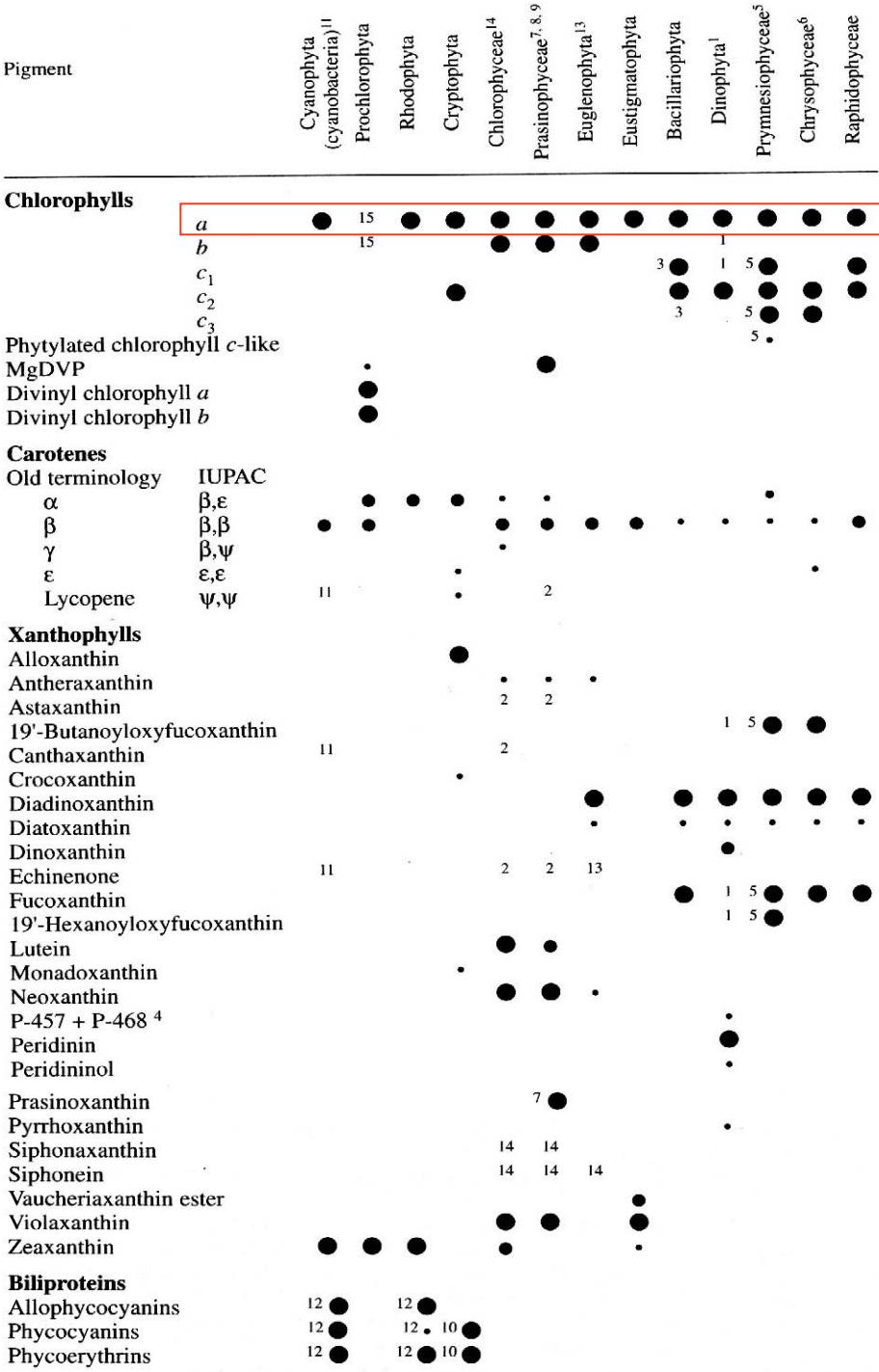
Major marker pigments

Jeffrey and Vesk (1997)



Major marker pigments

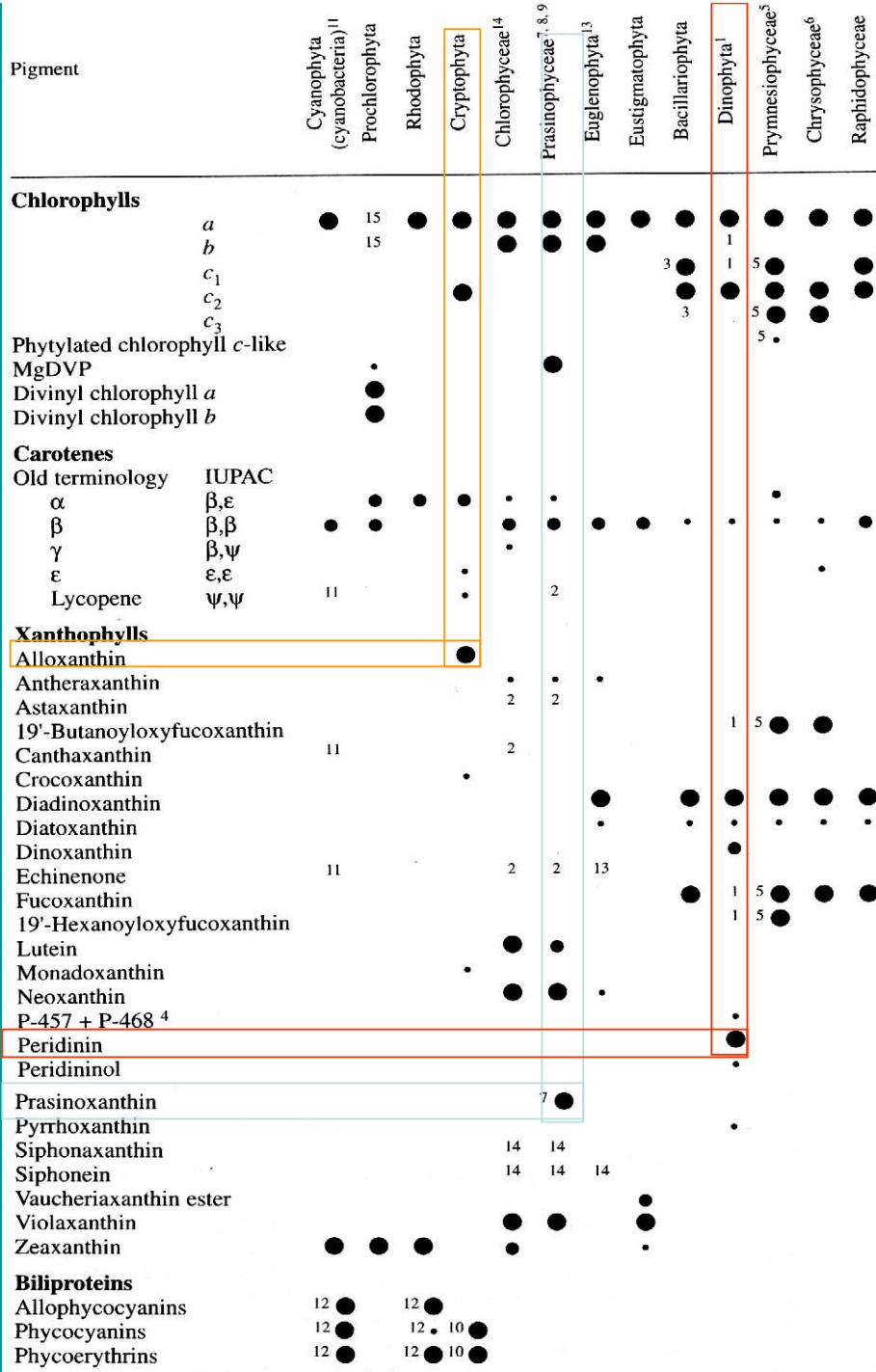
Ubiquitous
Chl a



Major marker pigments

Ubiquitous
Chl a

Unambiguous
Alloxanthin
Peridinin
Prasinoxanthin

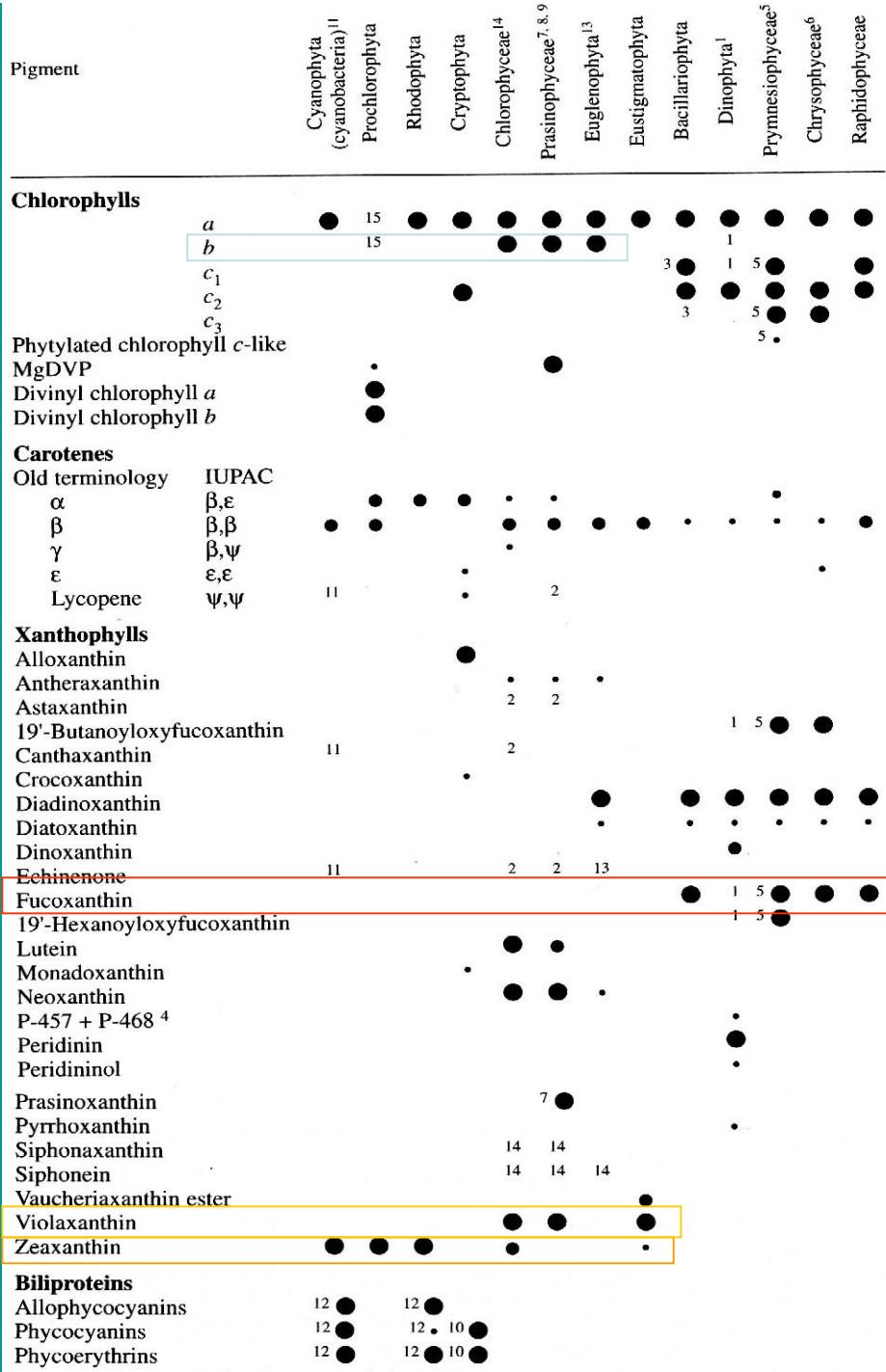


Major marker pigments

Ubiquitous
Chl a

Unambiguous
Alloxanthin
Peridinin
Prasinoxanthin

Shared
Fucoxanthin
Chl b
Zeaxanthin
Violaxanthin



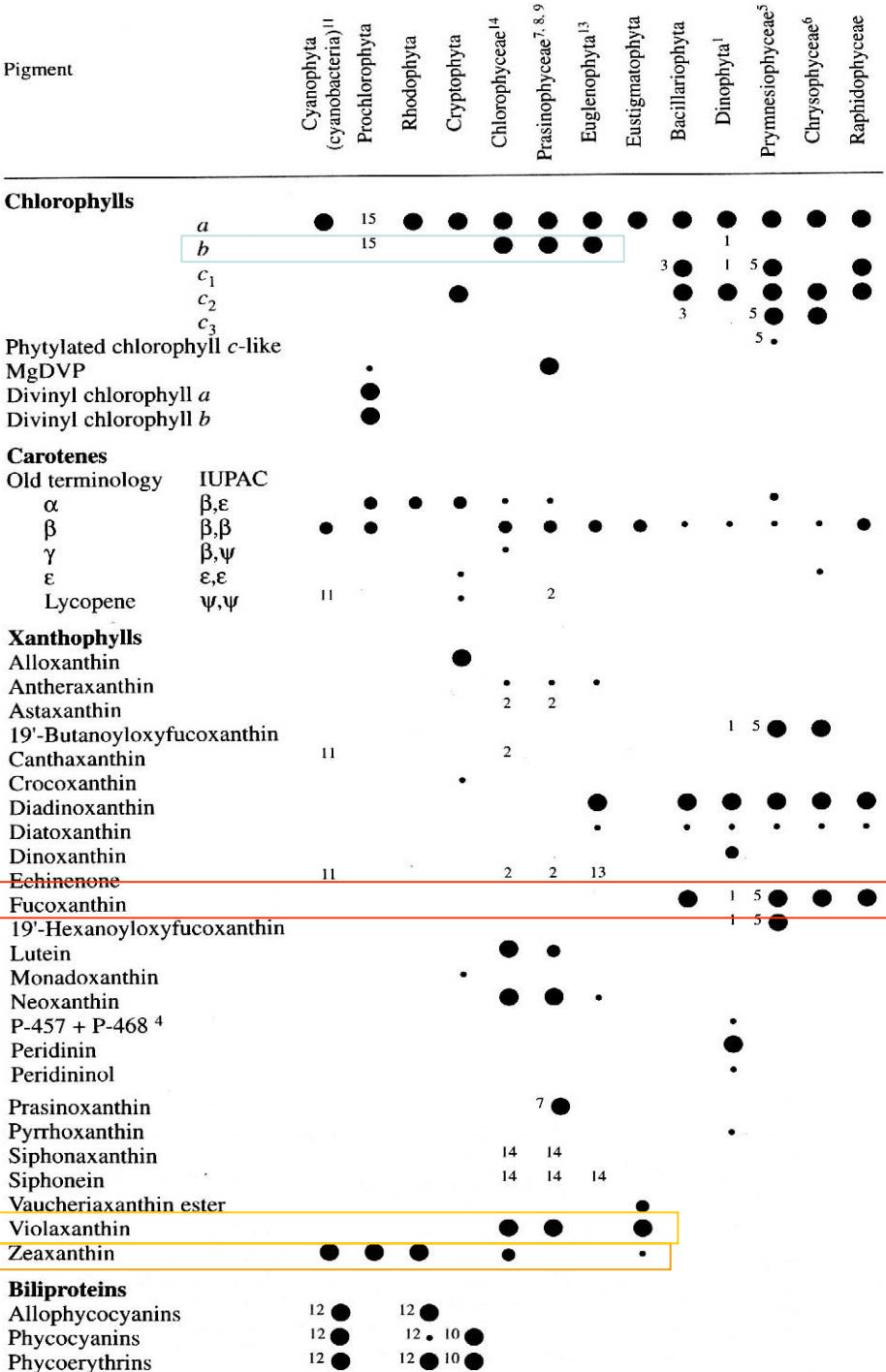
Major marker pigments

Ubiquitous Chl a

Unambiguous Alloxanthin Peridinin Prasinoxanthin

Shared
Fucoxanthin
Chl b
Zeaxanthin
Violaxanthin

“SUITES” of pigments



CHEMTAX

HPLC water sample with N pigment concentrations y_i

Abundance β_j of each of M plankton species is solved by least squares

$$\min \left\| y_i - A_{ij} B_j \right\|^2, i = 1 \dots N, j = 1 \dots M$$

where matrix A_{ij} provides the relative proportions of pigment i in species j . The ratios are uncertain and must be determined from the data set. They may vary (data is then divided into homogenous subsets).

Optimised iteratively

Pigment concentrations are normalized for each sample:

$$ny_i = \frac{y_i}{\sum_{i=1}^N y_i}$$

CHEMTAX pigment ratios

a. Initial Ratio matrix

Class	Chl <i>c</i> ₃	Chl <i>c</i> ₁	Peri	Fuco	Neo	Pras	Viola	19'-Hex	Allox	Lutein	Chl <i>b</i>
Prasinophytes ¹	0	0	0	0	0.03	0.097	0.056	0	0	0.006	0.62
Chlorophytes ²	0	0	0	0	0.062	0	0.031	0	0	0.22	0.18
Cryptophytes ³	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.22	0	0
Diatoms-A ⁴	0	0.04	0	0.52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Diatoms-B ⁵	0.033	0	0	0.61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dinoflagellates-A ⁶	0	0	1.06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haptophytes-H ⁷	0.13	0	0	0.08	0	0	0	0.4	0	0	0
Haptophytes-L ⁷	0.27	0	0	0.01	0	0	0	1.1	0	0	0

b. Final Ratio Matrix

Class	Chl <i>c</i> ₃	Chl <i>c</i> ₁	Peri	Fuco	Neo	Pras	Viola	19'-Hex	Allox	Lutein	Chl <i>b</i>
Prasinophytes	0	0	0	0	0.07	0.09	0.049	0	0	0.007	0.55
Chlorophytes	0	0	0	0	0.071	0	0.032	0	0	0.23	0.15
Cryptophytes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.21	0	0
Diatoms-A	0	0.21	0	1.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Diatoms-B	0.016	0	0	0.83	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dinoflagellates-A	0	0	0.82	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haptophytes-H	0.34	0	0	0.13	0	0	0	0.43	0	0	0
Haptophytes-L	0.13	0	0	0.01	0	0	0	1.21	0	0	0

¹*Mantoniella* sp. (Latasa *et al.* 2004), ²*Chlorella* sp. (Schlüter *et al.*, 2000), ³*Chroomonas salina* (Jeffrey and Wright 1997),

⁴*Phaeodactylum tricornutum* (Wright, unpublished), ⁵*Pseudonitzschia heimii* (Wright, unpublished), ⁶*Amphidinium carterae* (Jeffrey and Wright 1997), ⁷*Phaeocystis antarctica*, high and low Fe forms (DiTullio *et al.* 2007)

Developments: 1

QUANTITATIVE INTERPRETATION OF CHEMOTAXONOMIC PIGMENT DATA

Harry W. Higgins¹, Simon W. Wright², Louise Schlüter³

¹CSIRO Marine Research, GPO Box 1538, Hobart, Tasmania, 7001, Australia

²Australian Antarctic Division and Antarctic Climate and Ecosystems CRC, Channel Hwy,
Kingston, Tasmania, 7050, Australia

³DHI Water & Environment, Agern Allé 5, DK-2970 Hørsholm, Denmark

CHAPTER 5.

QUANTITATIVE INTERPRETATION OF CHEMOTAXONOMIC PIGMENT DATA

CHAPTER 5

- **5.1 Introduction**
- **5.2 Qualitative assessment of data**
 - **5.2.1 Specific markers for algal types**
- **5.3 Non-taxonomic interpretation of pigment data sets**
 - *a. Pigment based size classes*

$$\Sigma DPw = 1.41[Fuco] + 1:41[Peri] + 1:27[Hex-fuco] + 0:35[But-fuco] + 0:60[Allo] + 1:01[TChIb] + 0:86[Zea]$$

$$fmicro = (1.41[Fuco] + 1:41[Perid]) / \Sigma DPw$$

$$fnano = (1:27[Hex-fuco] + 0:35[But-fuco] + 0:60[Allo]) / \Sigma DPw$$

$$fpico = (1:01[TChIb] + 0:86[Zea]) / \Sigma DPw$$

QUANTITATIVE INTERPRETATION OF CHEMOTAXONOMIC PIGMENT DATA

CHAPTER 5.

- **5.1 Introduction**
- **5.2 Qualitative assessment of data**
 - **5.2.1 Specific markers for algal types**
- **5.3 Non-taxonomic interpretation of pigment data sets**
 - *a. Pigment based size classes*
 - *b. Ecological similarity indices*
- **5.4 Mathematical tools for taxonomic interpretation of pigment data sets**
 - *a. Multiple linear regression*
 - *b. Inverse simultaneous equations*
 - *c. Excel Solver*
 - *d. CHEMTAX software*
 - *e. Bayesian method*

- **5.4.3 Guide for quantitative chemotaxonomic interpretation of pigment data**
 - Step by step guide:
 - Examine the pigment data for specific markers for algal types (Section 5.2.1)
 - Examine available complementary data
 - *Microscopy data:*
 - *Flow cytometry and FlowCAM data:*
 - *In situ and in vivo fluorometry data: in situ fluorescence profiles*
 - *Environmental data:*
 - *Remote sensing data:*
 - *Productivity and grazing data:*
 - *Cluster analysis*
 - Pigment data exploration:
 - *Multiple linear regression (MLR)*
 - *Testing correlation*
 - *diatoxanthin + diadinoxanthin:Chl a*
 - CHEMTAX analysis
 - *Sub-grouping*
 - *Initial pigment:Chl a ratio and ratio limit matrices*
 - *Preliminary CHEMTAX analysis*
 - *Comprehensive CHEMTAX analysis*
 - *Publication of CHEMTAX (or ISE) estimates*

QUANTITATIVE INTERPRETATION OF CHEMOTAXONOMIC PIGMENT DATA

CHAPTER 5.

- **5.1 Introduction**
- **5.2 Qualitative assessment of data**
 - **5.2.1 Specific markers for algal types**
- **5.3 Non-taxonomic interpretation of pigment data sets**
- **5.4 Mathematical tools for taxonomic interpretation of pigment data sets**
 - **5.4.1 Assumptions and constraints of inverse simultaneous equations and CHEMTAX**
 - **5.4.2 Reaching the optimum solution**
 - **5.4.3 Guide for quantitative chemotaxonomic interpretation of pigment data**
- **5.5 Variability of Marker Pigment:Chl a and from cultures and field studies**
 - **5.5.1 Pigment:Chl a ratios in culture vs. field**
 - **5.5.2 Irradiance**

⊕ 2m. Haptophytes Type 6–8

Type	Data	n	chl c3	MV- chl c3	Mg- DVP	chl c2	chl c1	BUT	FUCO	4k- HEX	HEX	DIAD	DIAT	$\beta\alpha$ - CAR	$\beta\beta$ - CAR	c2- MGDG [14/18]	c2- MGDG [14/14]
HAPTO-6																	
Culture	LL	4	0.229		0.018	0.341			0.340	0.125	0.234	0.094	0.011	0.013	0.023	0.099	
"	ML	21	0.176	0.016	0.007	0.192		0.005	0.263	0.149	0.562	0.127	0.036		0.025	0.089	
"	HL	6	0.130	0.042	0.022	0.290			0.072	0.029	0.248	0.102	0.051		0.020	0.043	
"	Min	34	0.110	0.005	0.002	0.145	0	0	0.006	0.029	0.037	0.026	0.004	0.013	0.008	0.043	0
"	Max	34	0.229	0.050	0.022	0.341	0	0.008	0.722	0.313	1.507	0.316	0.169	0.013	0.049	0.099	0
"	Mean	34	0.177	0.018	0.009	0.209		0.005	0.229	0.137	0.470	0.137	0.047	0.013	0.026	0.087	
"	Std Dev	34	0.031	0.015	0.006	0.066		0.004	0.186	0.082	0.344	0.094	0.054		0.015	0.014	
Field	LL	14	0.150			0.171		0.016	0.224		1.342	0.099				0.097	
"	ML	15	0.132			0.180	0	0.015	0.186		1.138	0.100		0.007	0.013		
"	HL	42	0.155	0.119	0	0.157	0	0.019	0.195		1.054	0.122		0.014	0.030	0.090	0
"	Min	86	0.033	0.119	0	0.080	0	0	0	0	0.228	0.015	0	0.006	0.012	0.082	0
"	Max	86	0.300	0.119	0	0.230	0	0.198	0.722	0	2.066	0.196	0	0.014	0.030	0.097	0
"	Mean	86	0.146	0.119	0	0.168	0	0.015	0.195		1.214	0.109		0.010	0.021	0.091	0
"	Std Dev	86	0.087			0.048	0	0.028	0.172		0.595	0.046		0.004	0.010	0.008	

References (see Table p): 13, 15, 16, 18, 19, 21–24, 26–29, 31–35, 37, 40, 42–45, 47, 61, 63–65

HAPTO-7																	
Culture	LL	7	0.215	0.017	0.010	0.227	0.009	0.023	0.420	0.100	0.682	0.181	0.005	0.025	0.030	0.091	0.110
"	ML	15	0.210	0.028	0.015	0.198	0.009	0.009	0.436	0.215	0.543	0.267	0.015	0.017	0.037	0.097	0.081
"	HL	6	0.171	0.030	0.020	0.251	0.025	0.013	0.259	0.037	0.491	0.167	0.086	0.007	0.022	0.085	0.131
"	Min	29	0.060	0.008	0.003	0.094	0.009	0	0.004	0.016	0.007	0.070	0.005	0.007	0.013	0.002	0.027
"	Max	29	0.346	0.041	0.045	0.400	0.025	0.024	1.184	0.674	1.315	0.644	0.365	0.045	0.068	0.285	0.300
"	Mean	29	0.202	0.026	0.015	0.216	0.014	0.011	0.388	0.151	0.567	0.201	0.061	0.020	0.030	0.094	0.103
"	Std Dev	29	0.052	0.011	0.011	0.071	0.009	0.008	0.365	0.160	0.309	0.136	0.115	0.011	0.015	0.084	0.078
Field	LL	2	0.079			0.144		0.009	0.125		1.077						0.134
"	ML	0															
"	HL	4	0.171			0.190	0	0.004	0.244		0.706						0.109
"	Min	8	0.058	0	0	0.110	0	0	0.009	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.034	0
"	Max	8	0.296	0	0	0.422	0	0.062	0.465	0	1.281	0	0	0	0	0.034	0.188
"	Mean	8	0.136			0.198	0	0.012	0.199		0.794					0.034	0.101
"	Std Dev	8	0.088			0.101	0	0.021	0.168		0.386						0.073

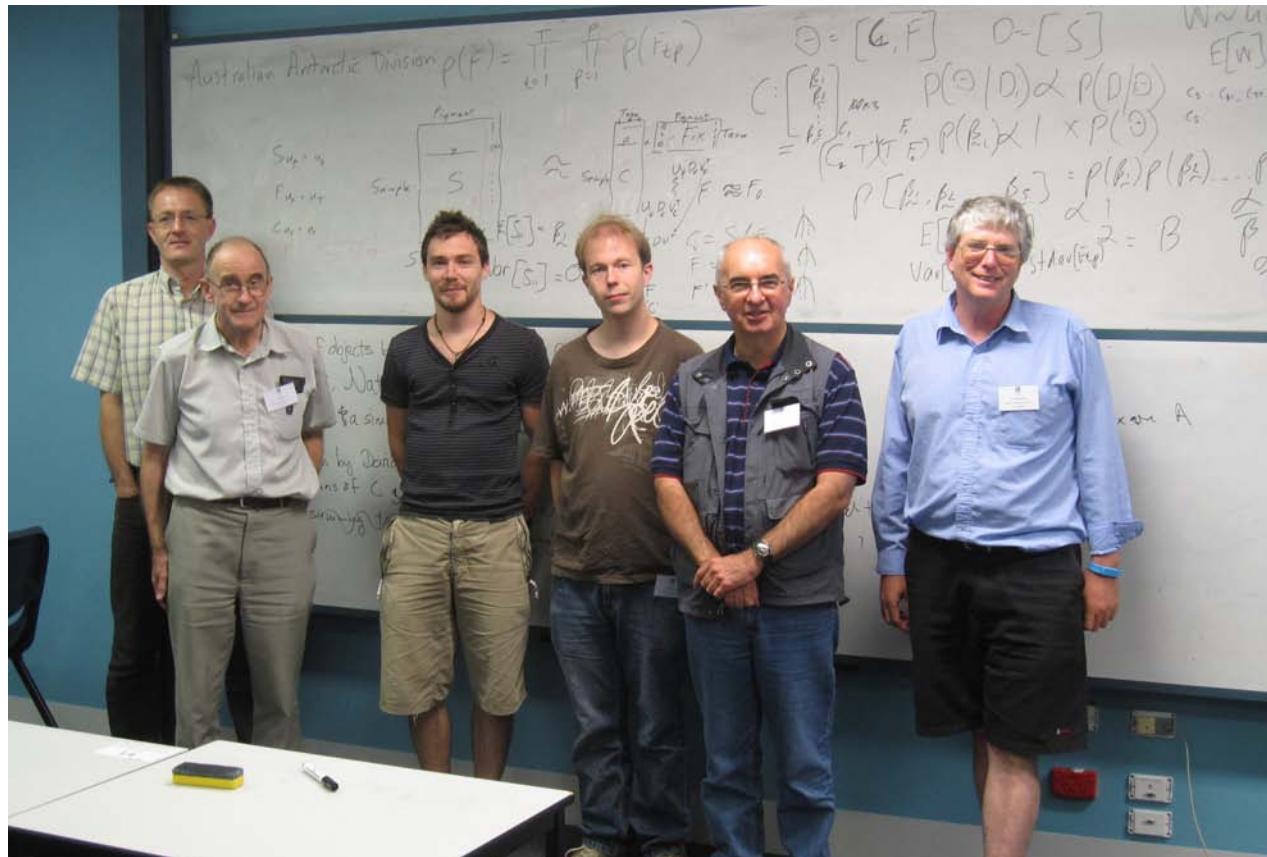
References (see Table p): 25, 54, 61, 63, 64

HAPTO-8																	
Culture	T.I.	4	0.222	0.010	0.071	0.232		0.043	0.555	0.049	0.250	0.125	0.006	0.027	0.028	0.069	

Developments: 2

CHEMTAX Development

Australian Mathematics Institute
Maths and Statistics in Industry Study Group (MISG)



CHEMTAX MISG

Tasks

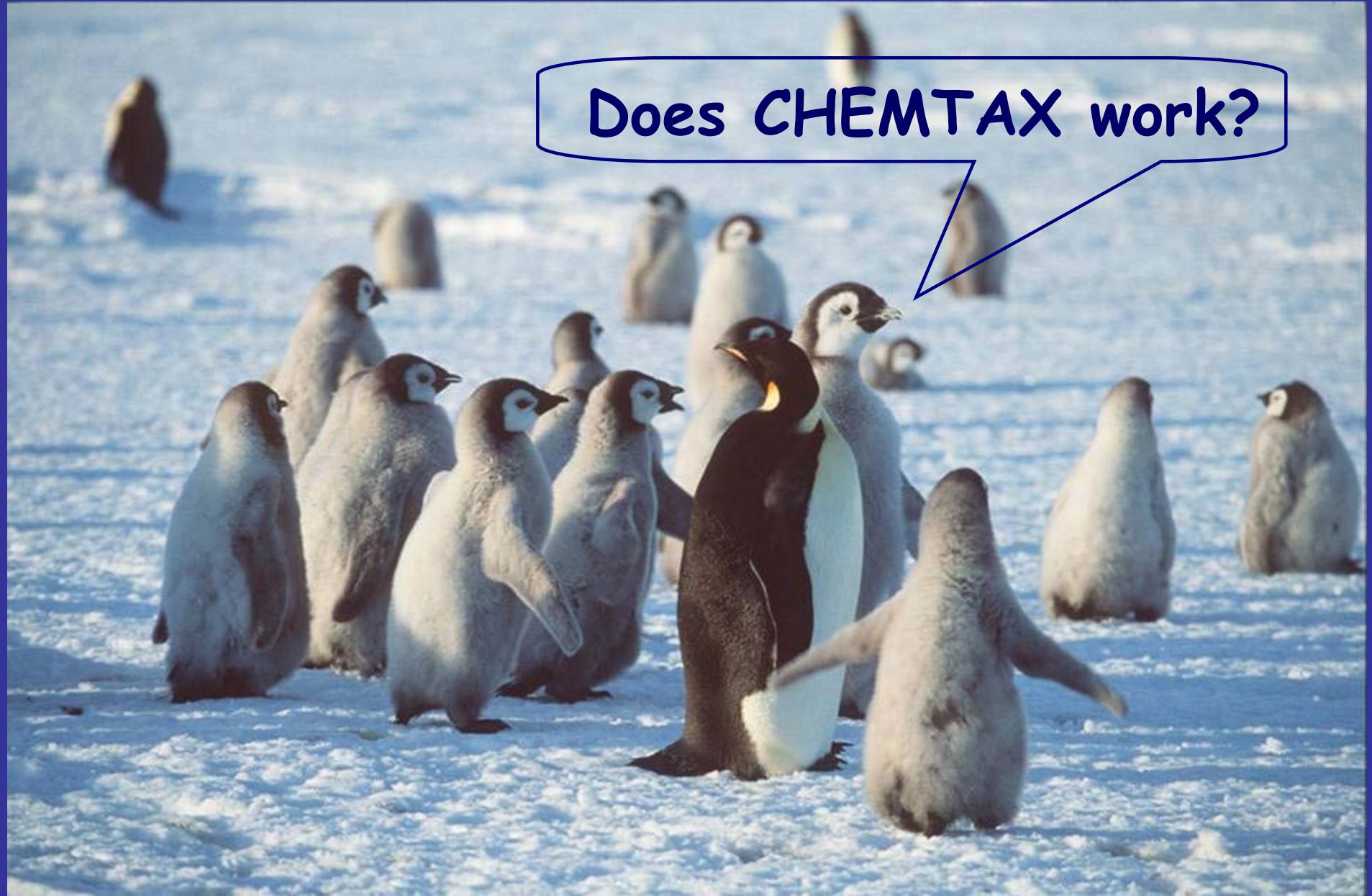
Analyse CHEMTAX operation and check its validity

Improve calculation efficiency and determine confidence limits of result

Compare CHEMTAX with Bayesian method and determine which is the better way to go.

Results

- A general proof of the factorization method was found
- Improved algorithm for CHEMTAX was developed
 - based on non-negative matrix factorization including simplified weighting of errors and prior knowledge of pigment distribution
 - Gave fastest solution to the problem
 - Methods developed to test uniqueness of the solution
 - Analysis of residual errors showed different oceanic regimes
 - Developed in Matlab, implemented in Octave, partially translated to R
 - Currently finalizing devt. and exploring ways to test it and implement it for distribution
- Bayesian method
 - Highly dependent on input ratios – requires good knowledge of local species
 - Not recommended for determining pigment ratios from field samples
 - Restricted to small sample numbers – works on 1 sample !
 - Not recommended for > 40 samples

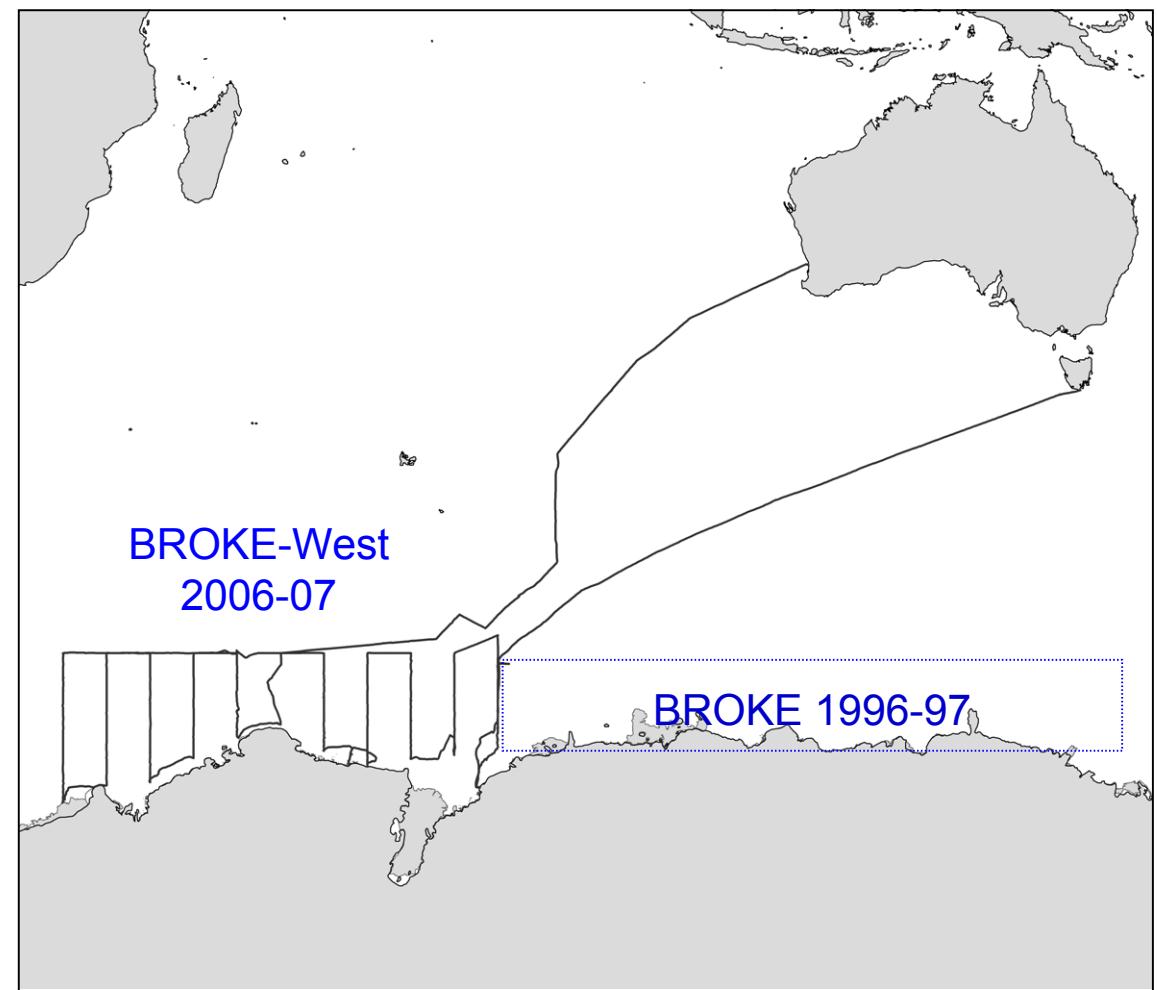


Does CHEMTAX work?

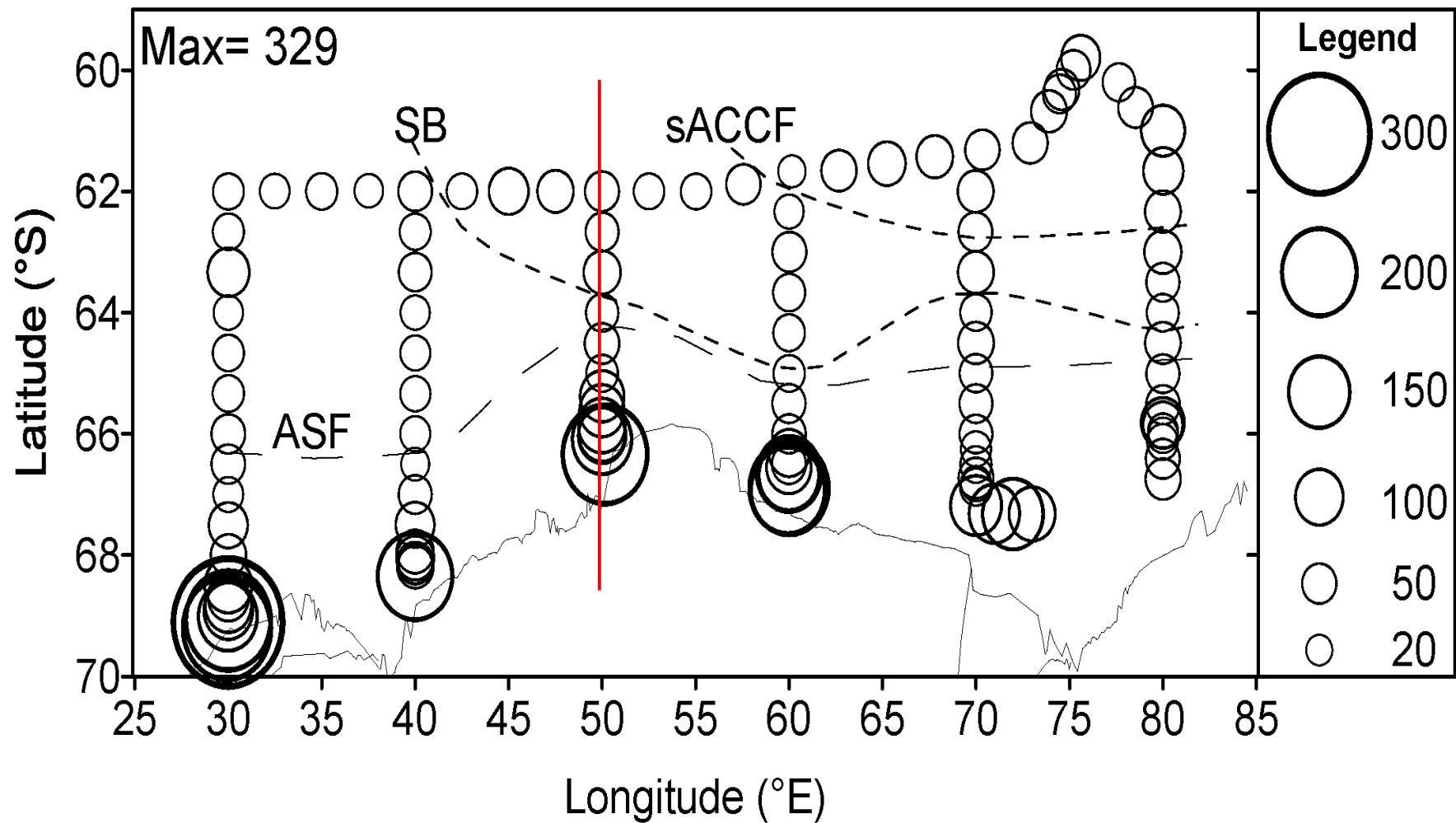
BROKE-West cruise

(Baseline Research on Oceanography, Krill and the Environment)

Oceanography
Krill
Mesozooplankton
Seabirds
Whales
Fish and Squid
Microbial loop

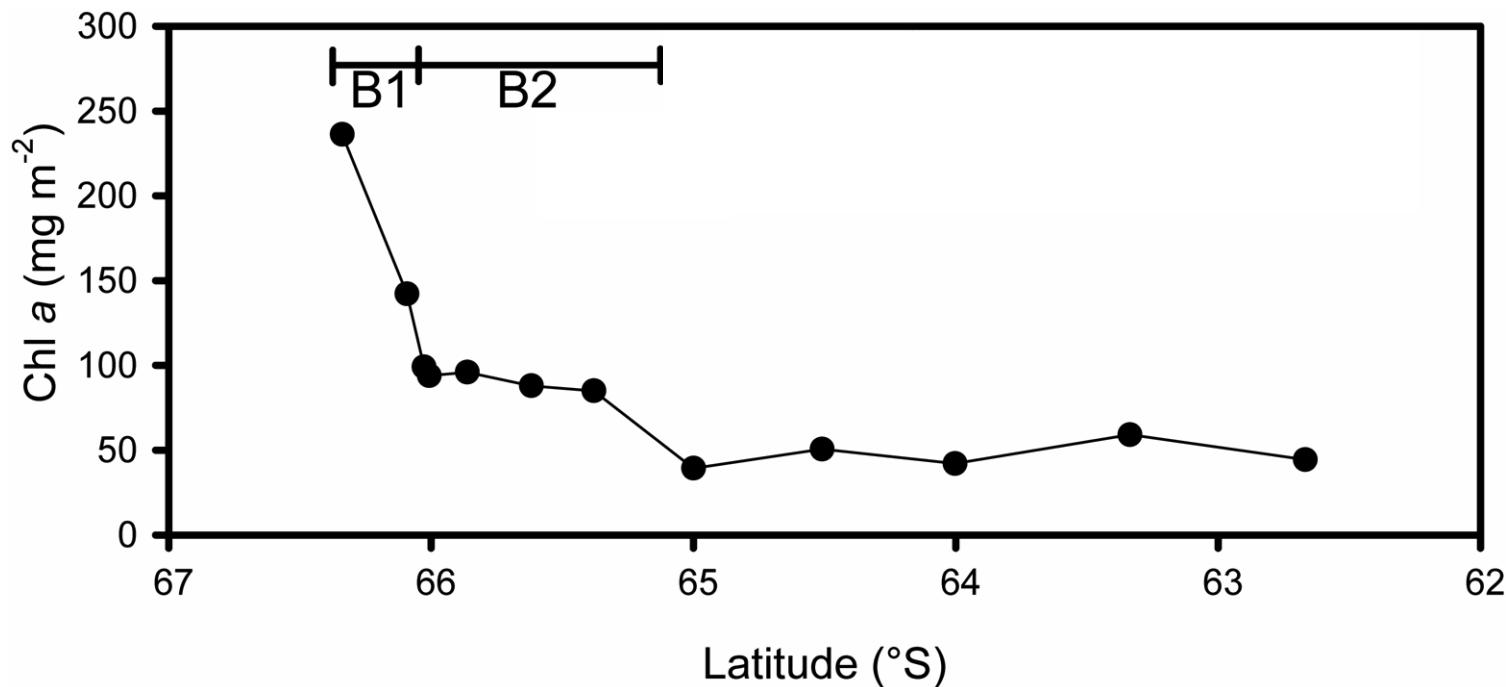


Total Chl a ($\text{mg} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$)



Differentiation of bloom zones

Based on integrated chl *a* stocks



Zones

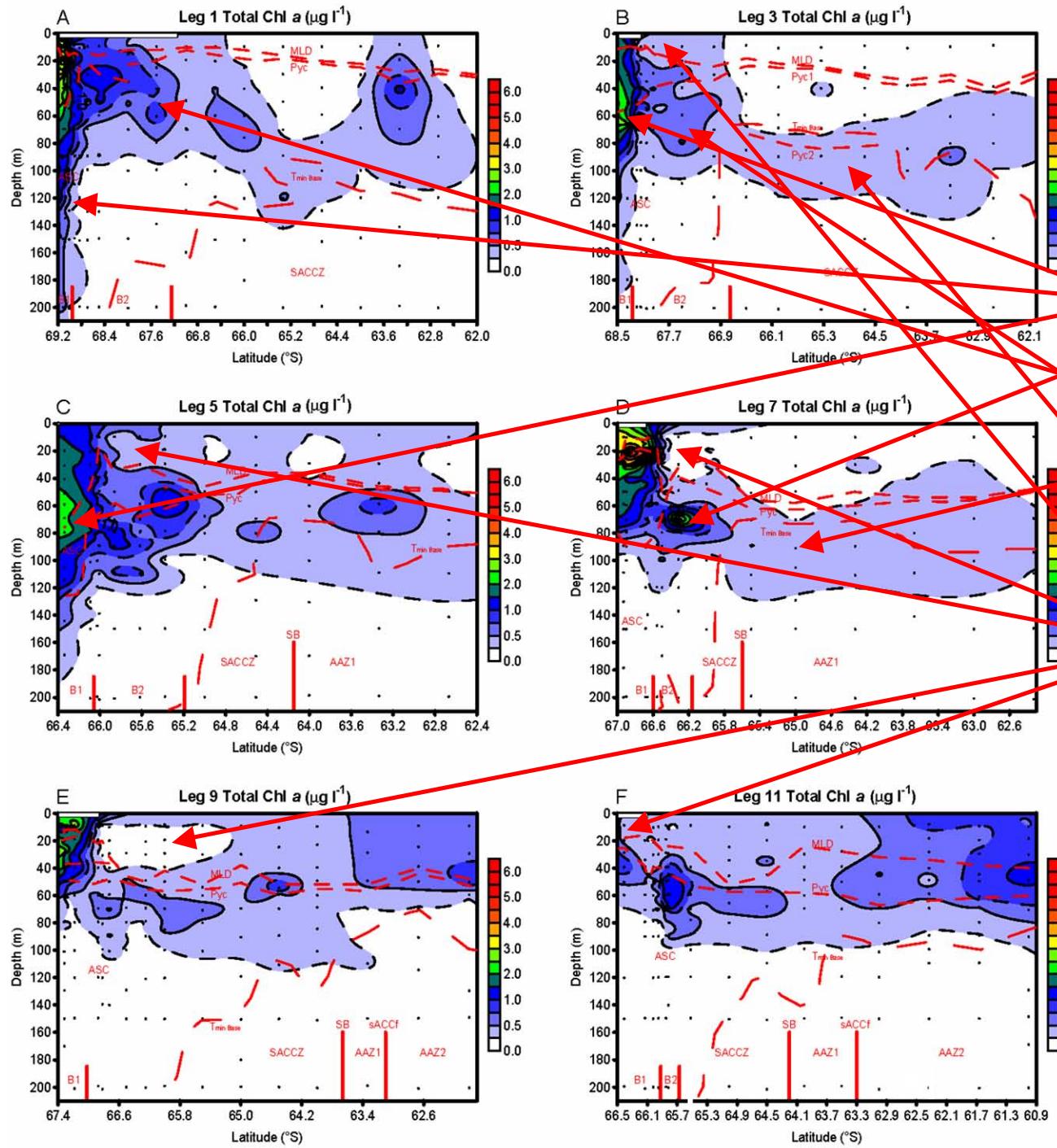
B1: Primary bloom

B2: Secondary zone

SACCZ: Zone south of the ACC

AAZ1: Antarctic zone between SB and sACCf

AAZ2: Antarctic zone north of sACCf



Total Chl a
along each transect

Consistent features

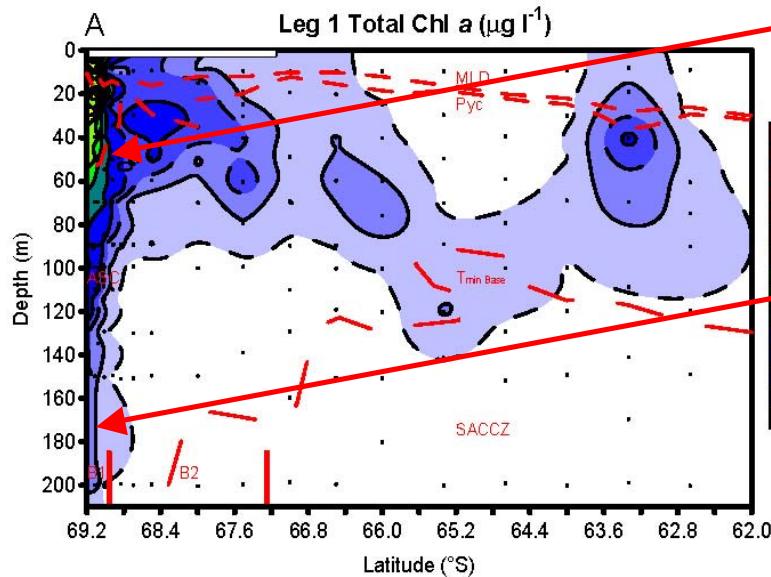
Deep bloom under ice

Subsurface secondary bloom

Deep chlorophyll maximum
often below T_{\min} layer

Hole near ice edge

Deep ice edge bloom (B1 zone)



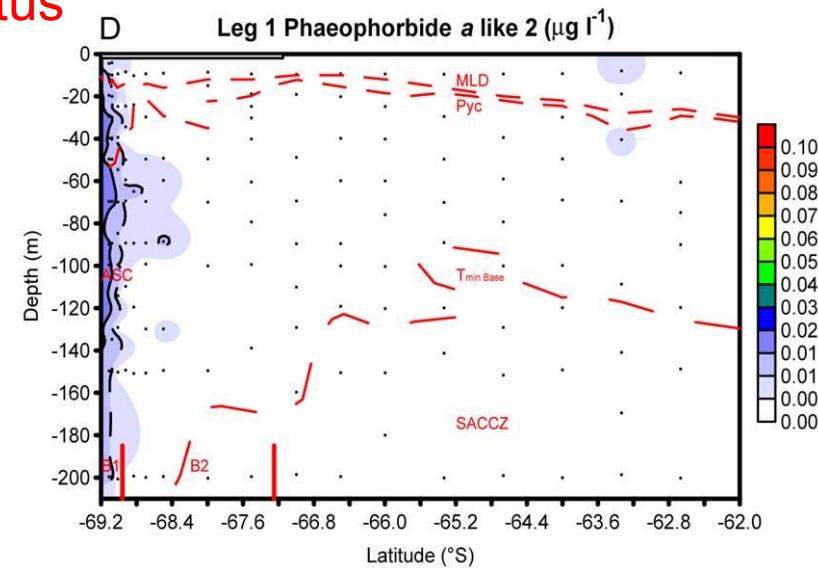
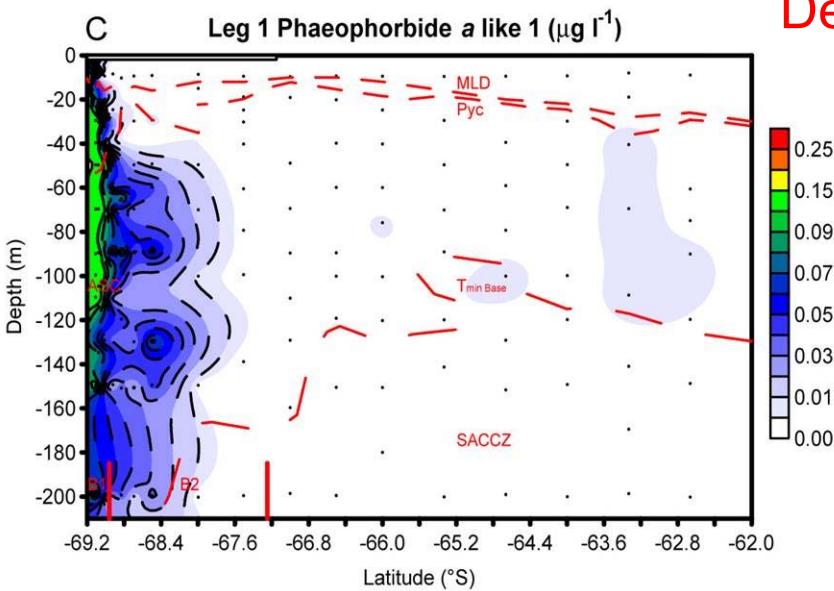
Very productive
Colonial *Phaeocystis* or gametes
Diatoms

Very deep
Too deep for active photosynthesis

Sea-ice algae
+nutrients ?

+light
=> bloom

Detritus



CHEMTAX categories

(using chlorophyll and carotenoid markers
plus microscopy)

Those with unambiguous markers

Dinoflagellates-A peridinin

Prasinophytes prasinoxanthin

Chlorophytes lutein

Cryptophytes alloxanthin

but may include the ciliate *Myrionecta (Mesodinium) rubrum*

Two diatom categories

Diatoms-A, typical diatom pigmentation (Chls c1, c2, FUCO, diadinoxanthin)

Diatoms-B, typified by *Pseudonitzschia* sp (Chls c2, c3, FUCO, diadinoxanthin)

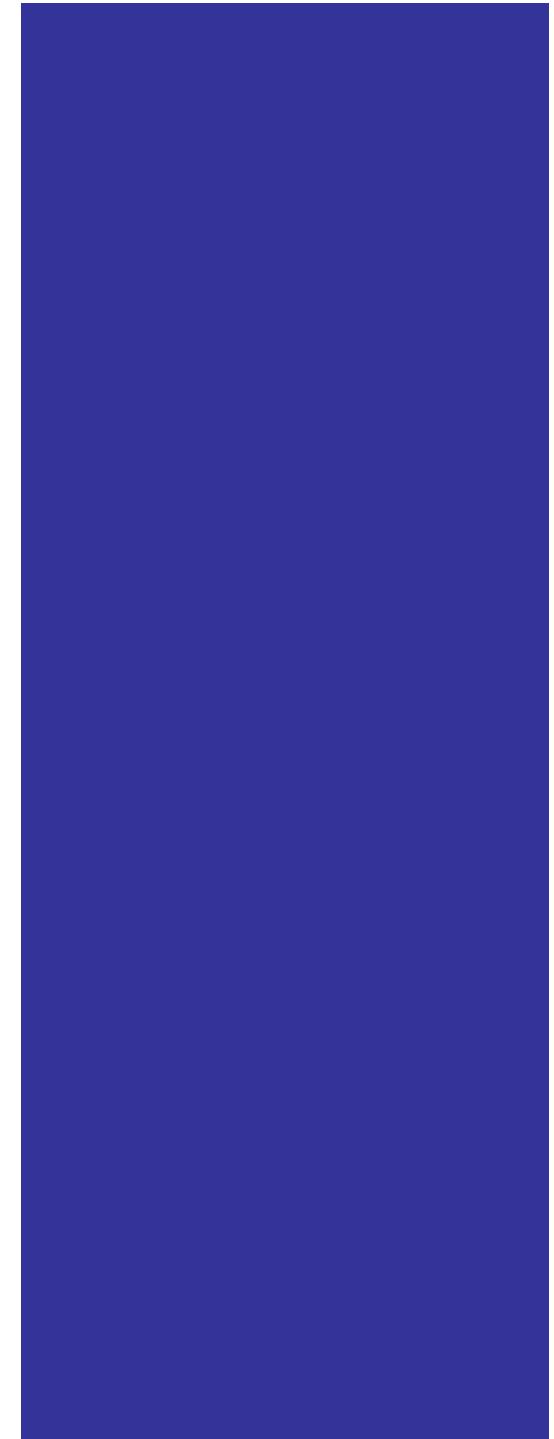
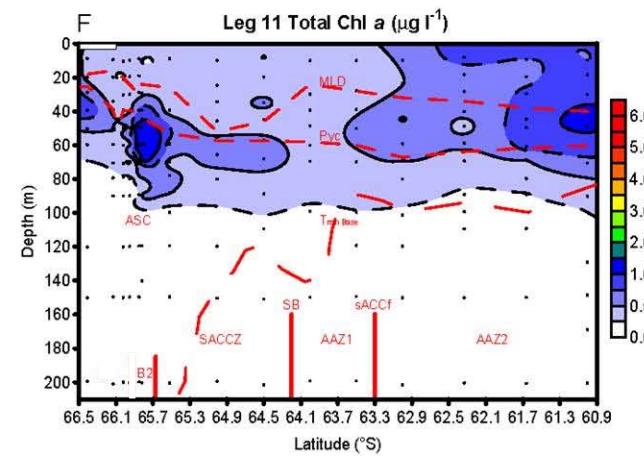
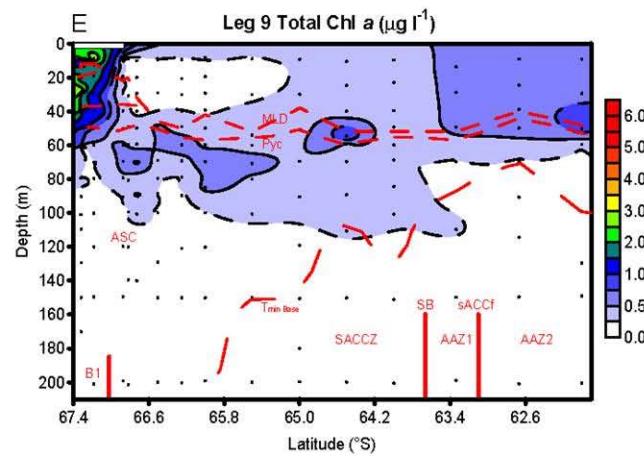
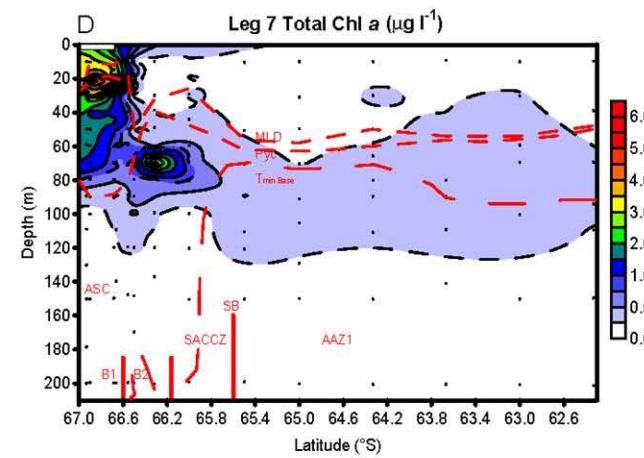
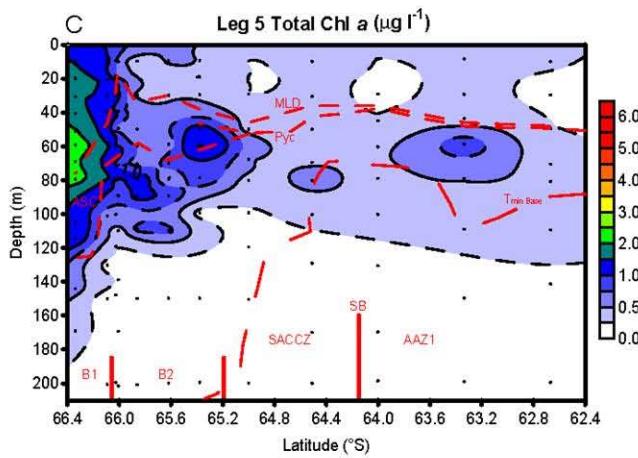
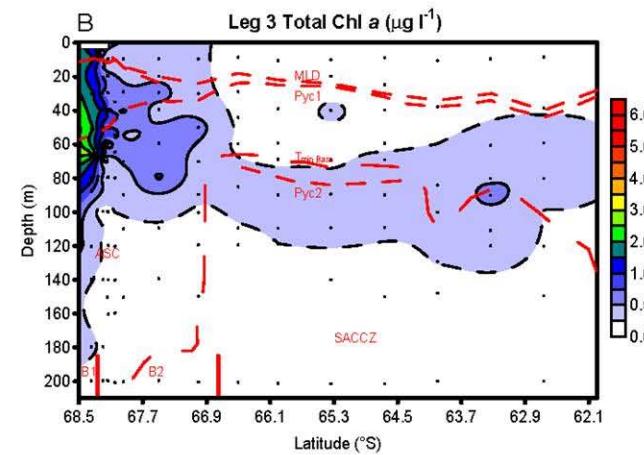
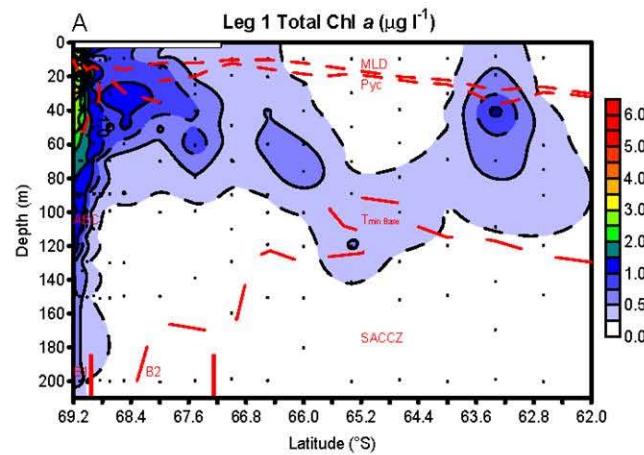
Two haptophyte categories (Di Tullio *et al.* 2007)

Haptophytes-H based on the **high iron form** of *P. antarctica*

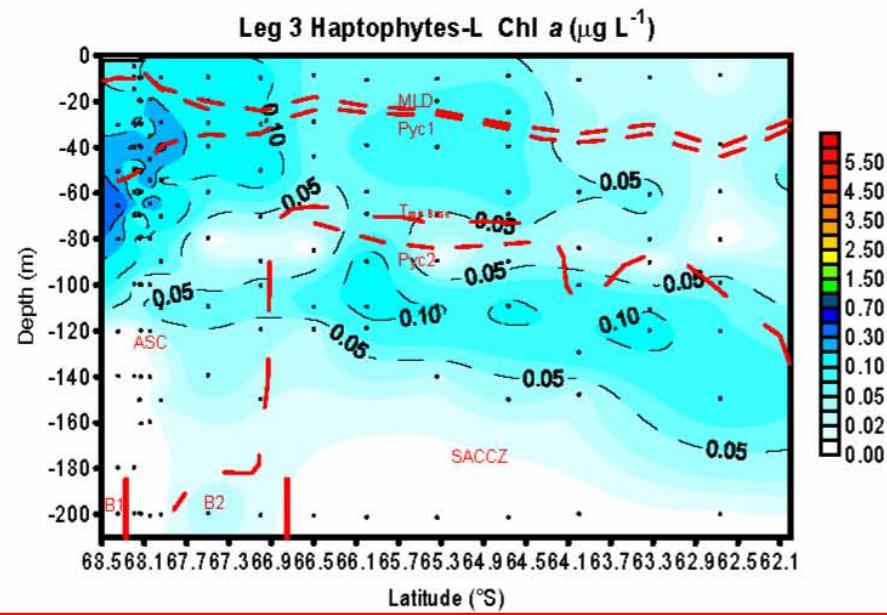
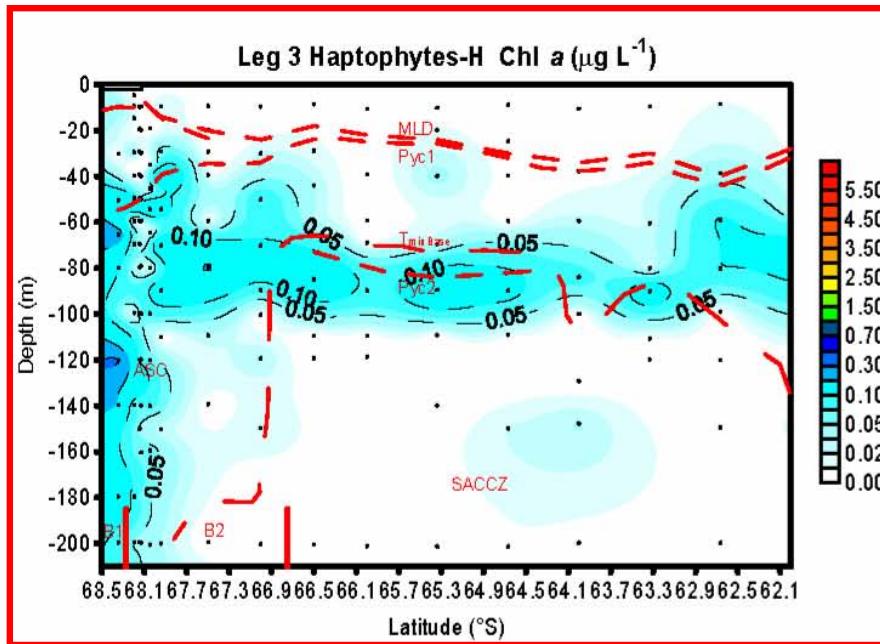
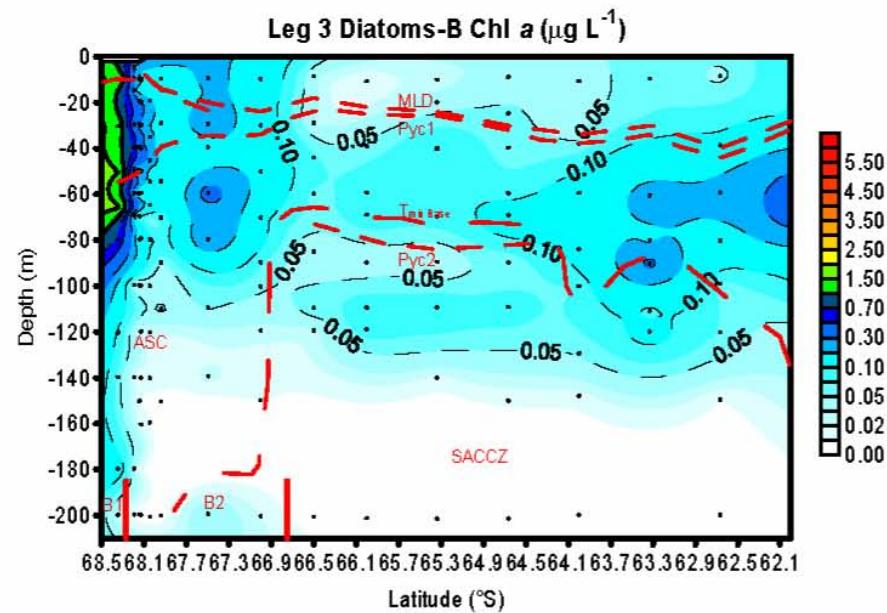
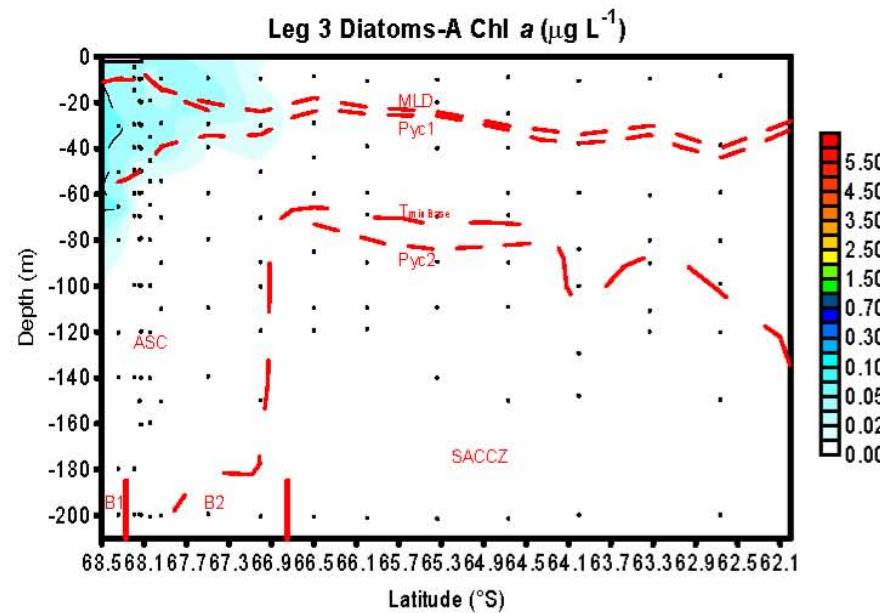
Haptophytes-L based on the **low iron form** of *P. antarctica*

CHEMTAX workup

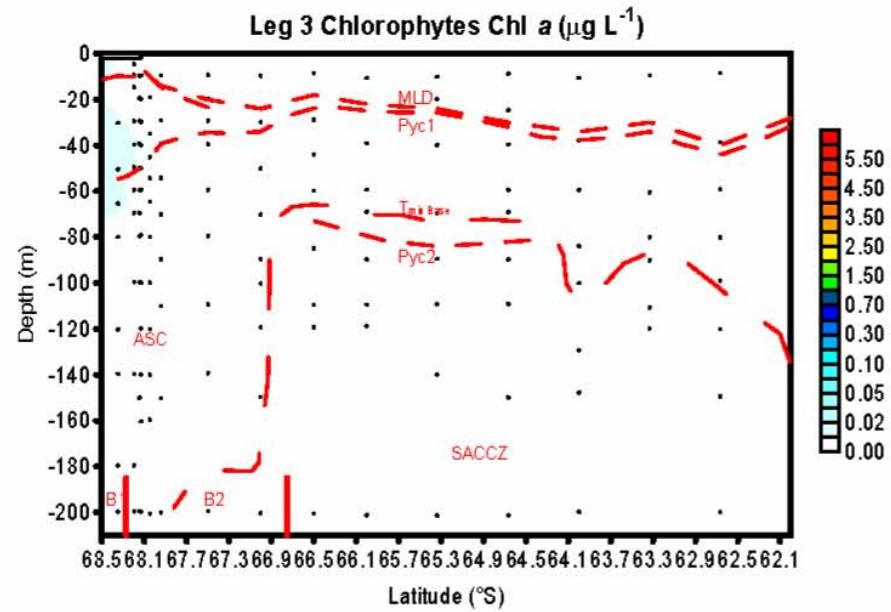
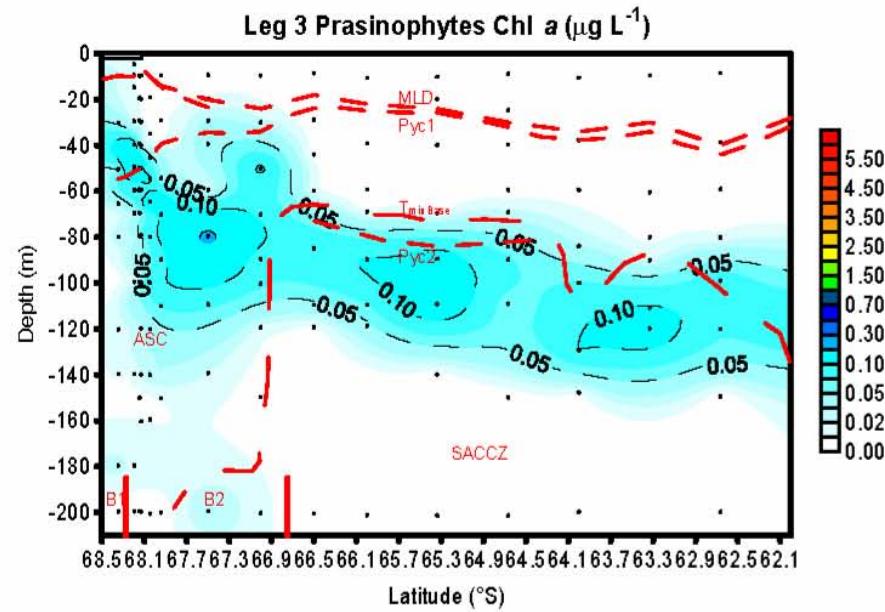
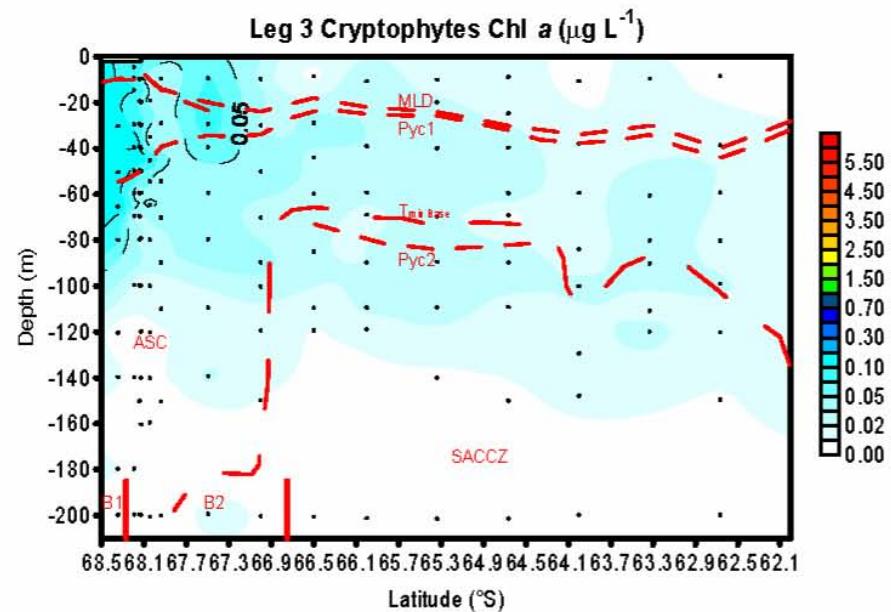
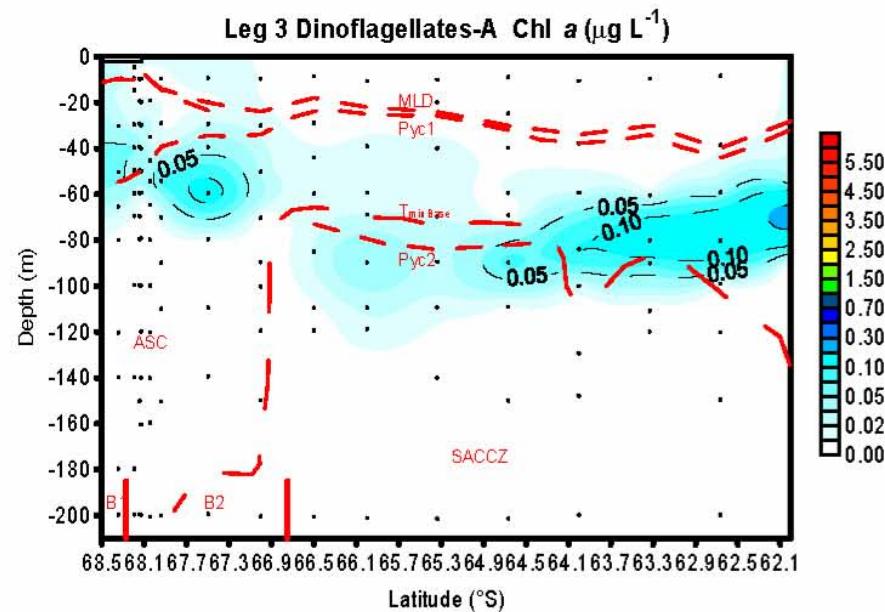
- Several scenarios tried
- 50 randomised trials per scenario
- Data were split into **five bins** according to **sample depth**
- The depth bins and sample numbers in each bin were:
0–15 m [129] 15–31 m [143] 31–56 m [169]
56–92 m [282] > 92 m [405]
Total = 1128



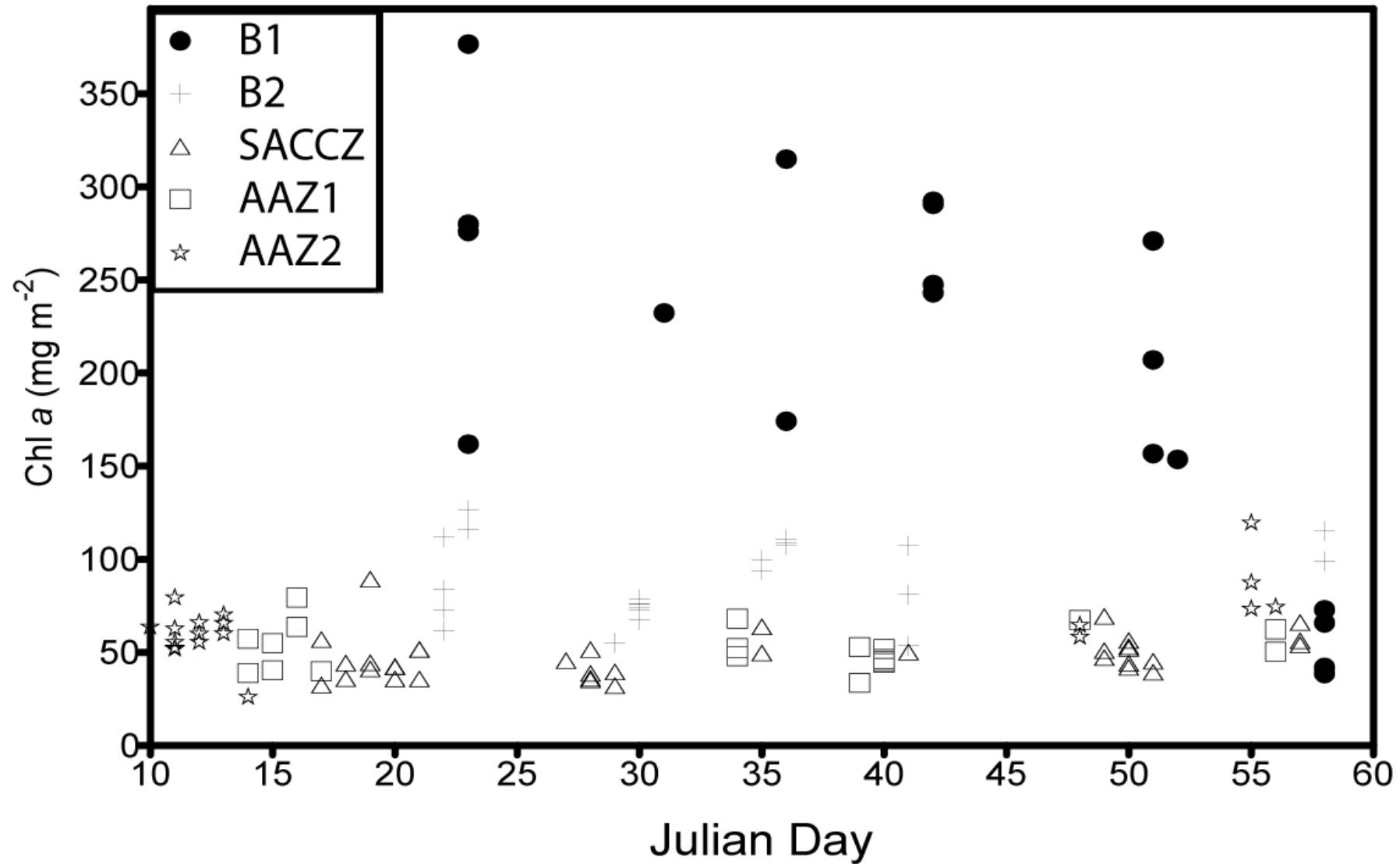
CHEMTAX analysis

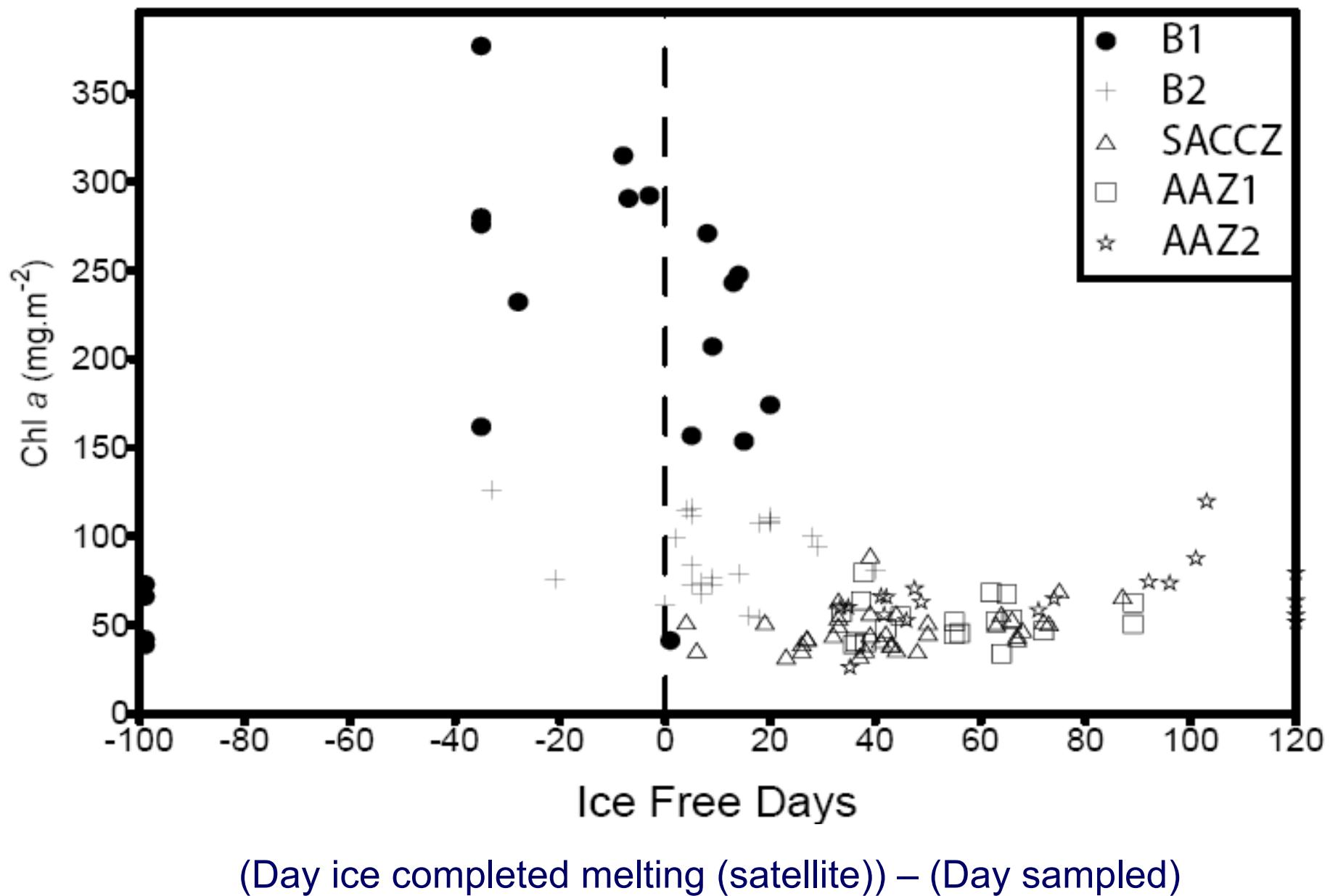


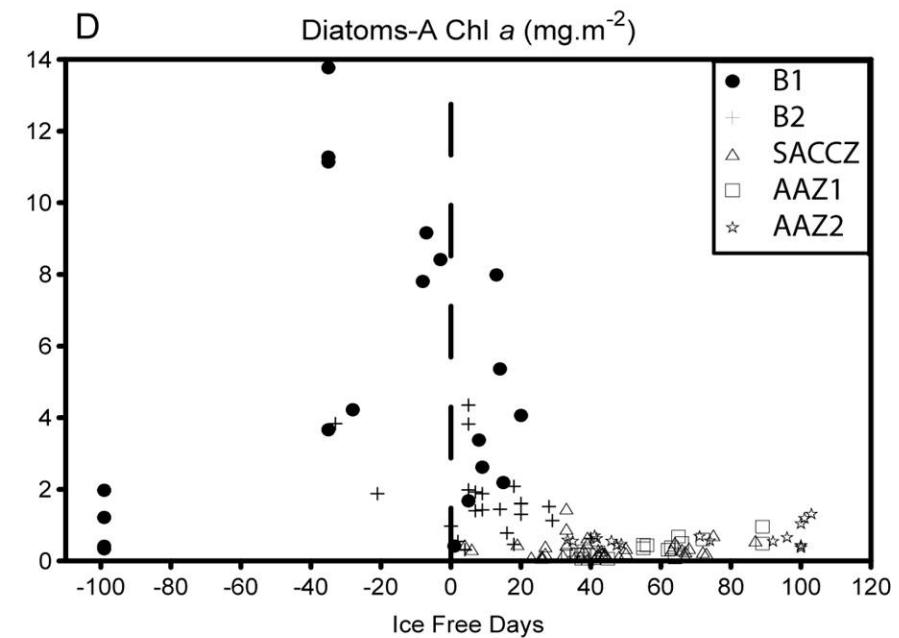
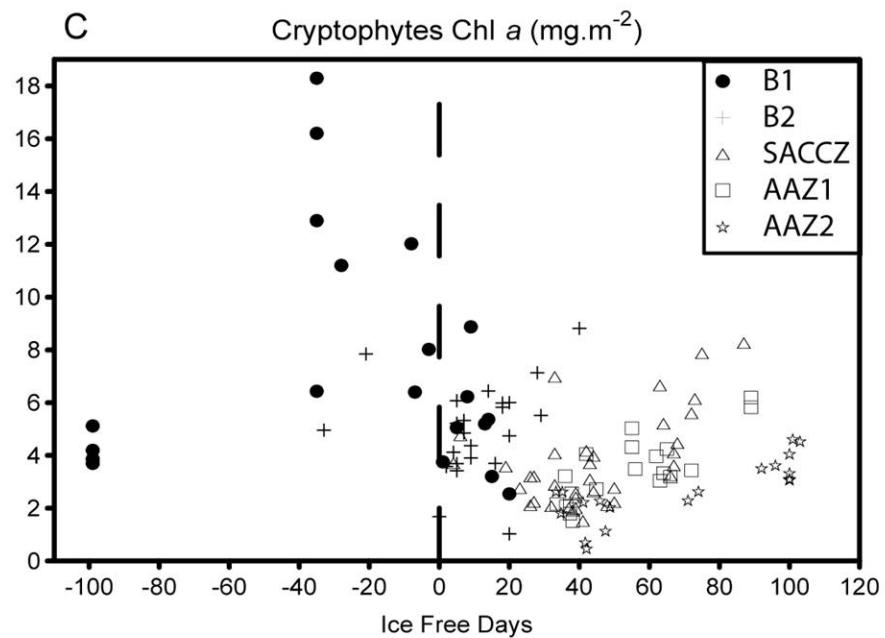
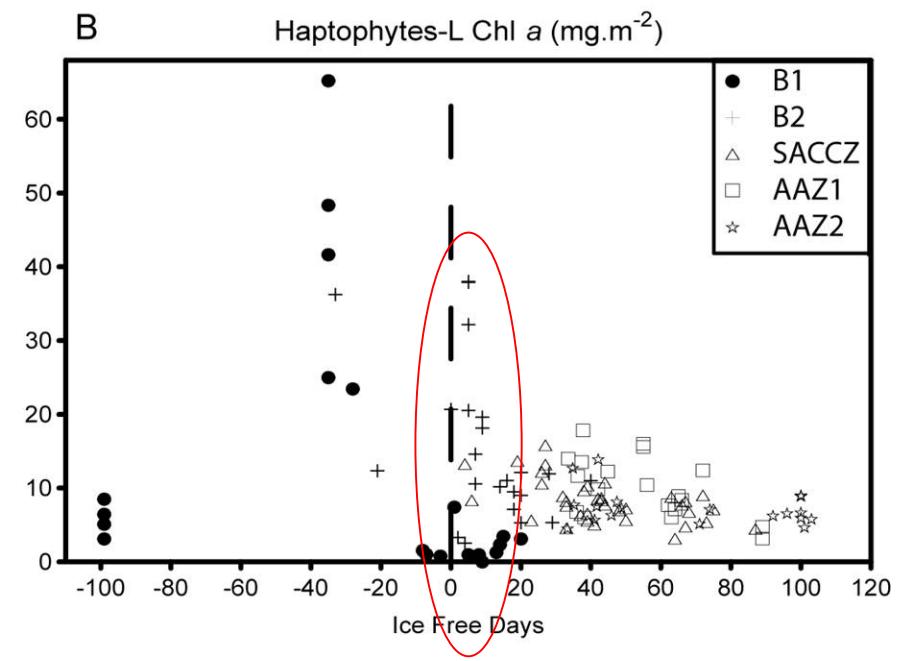
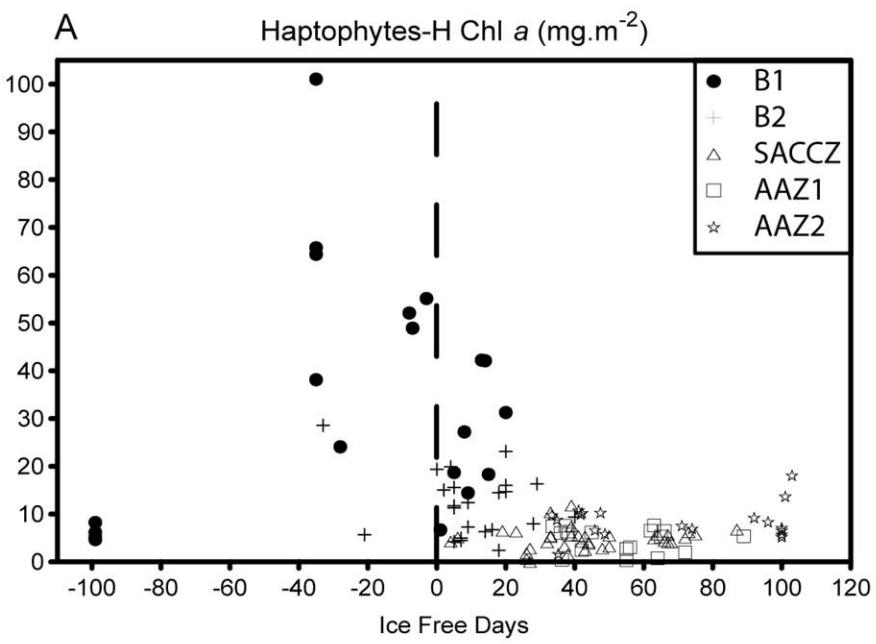
CHEMTAX analysis

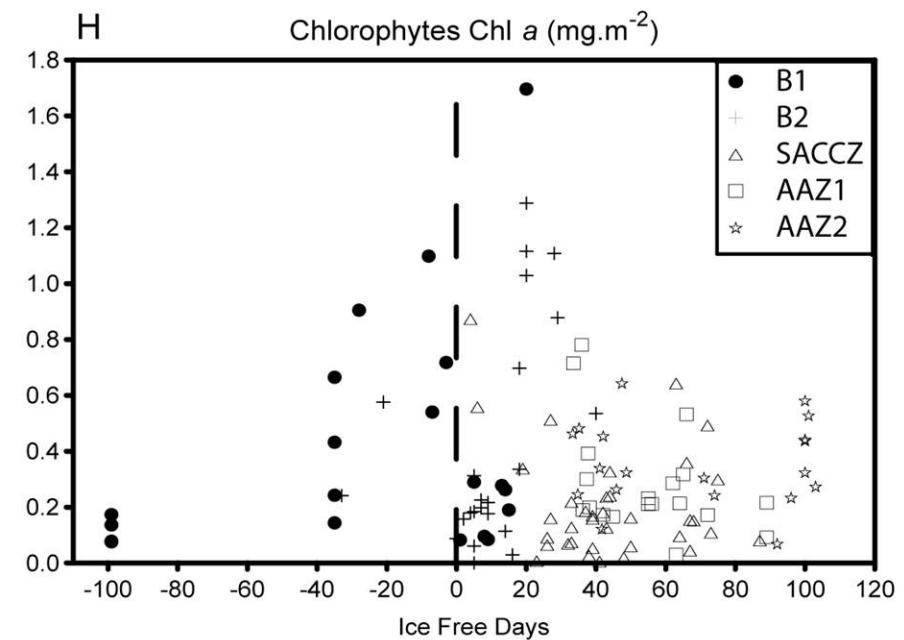
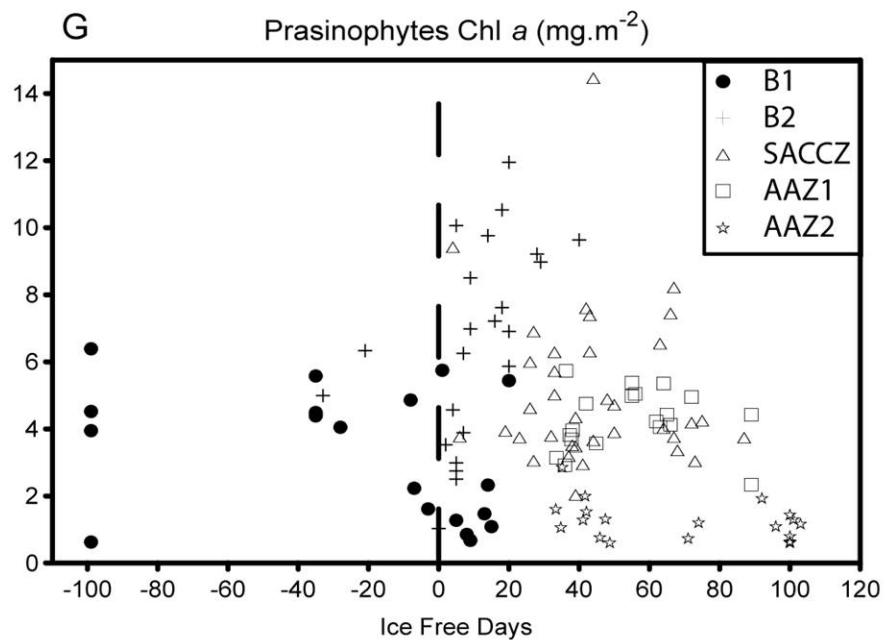
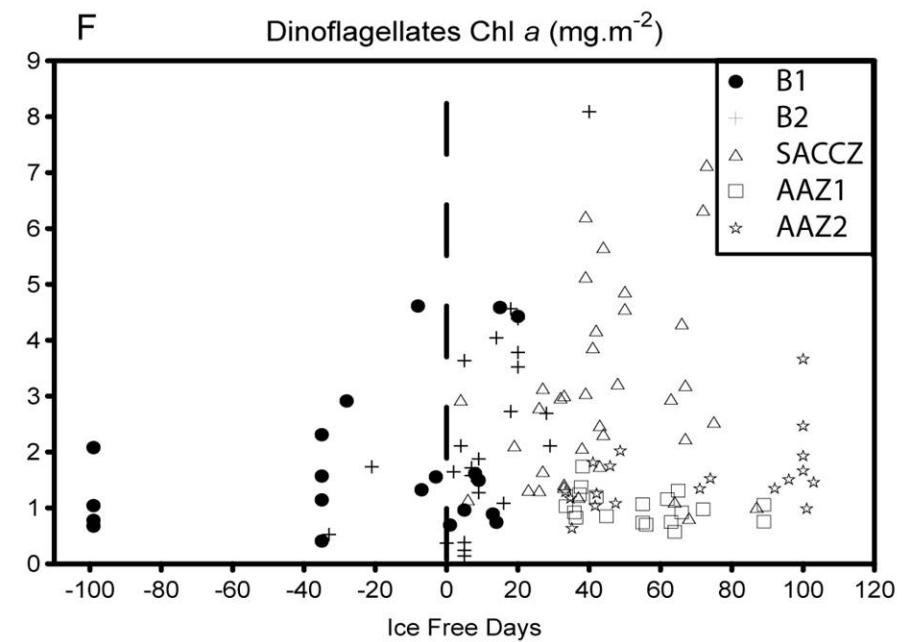
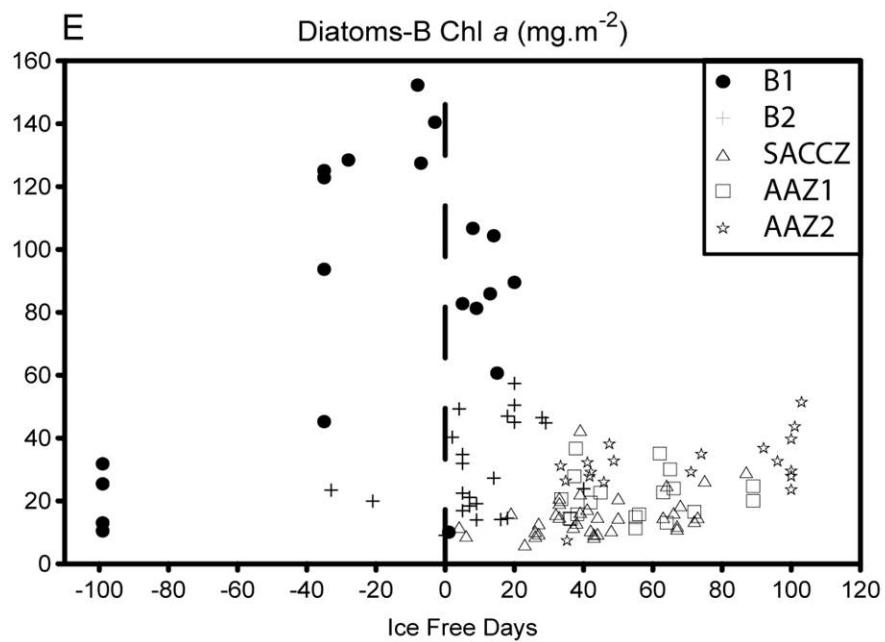


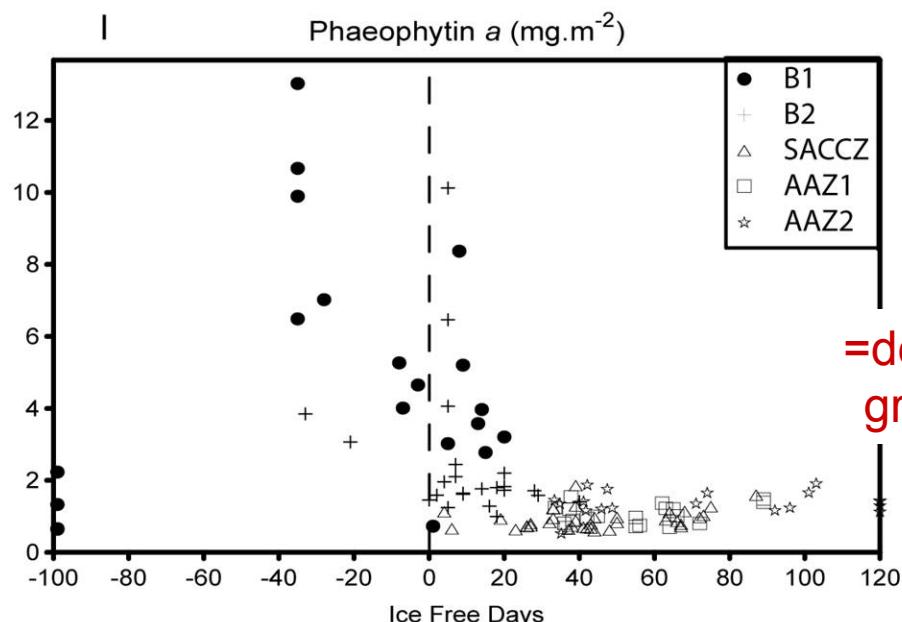
Temporal sequence



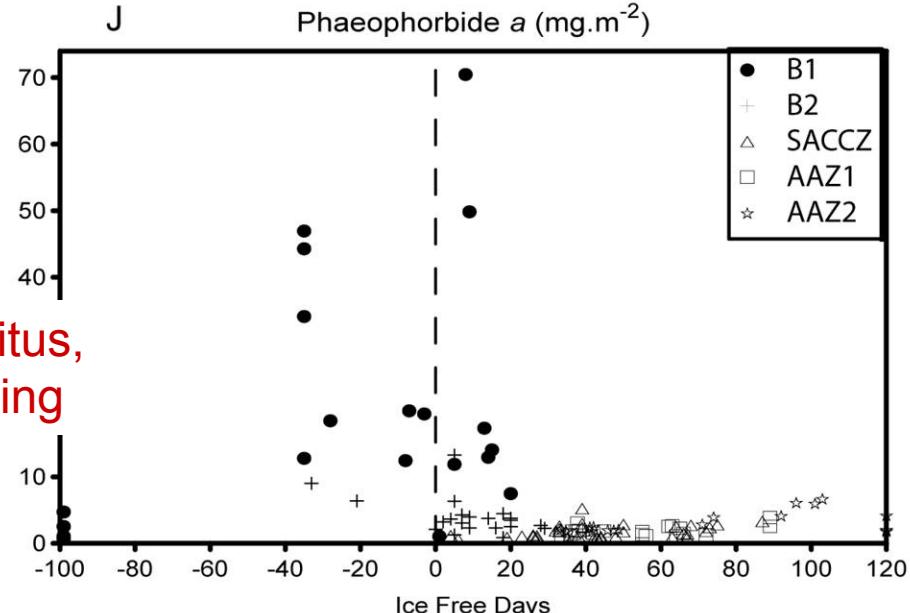




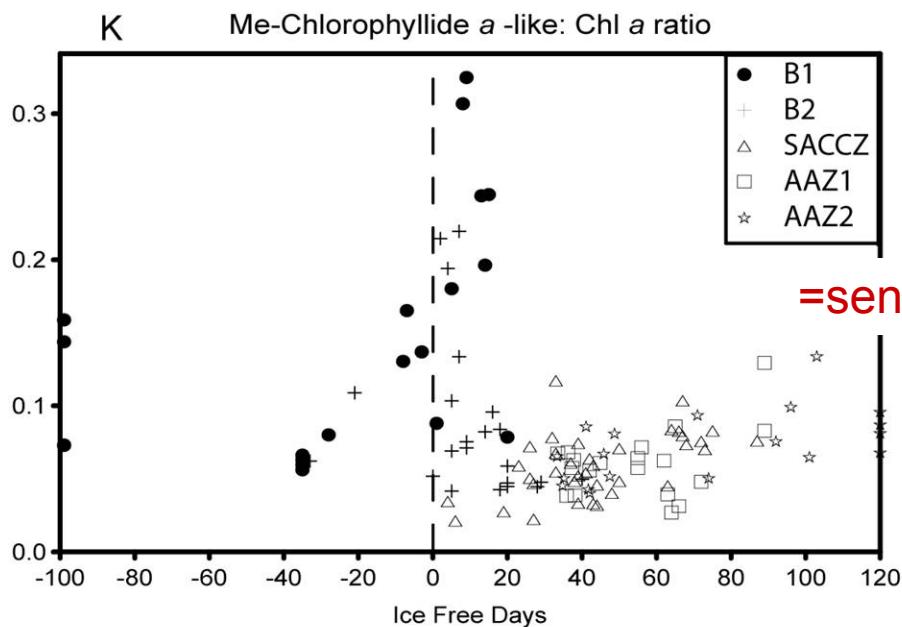




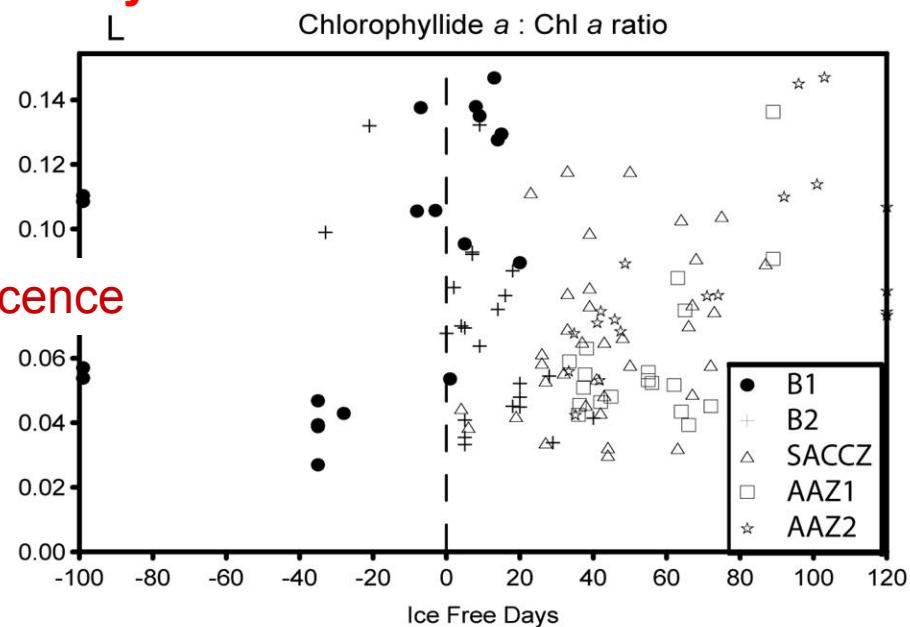
=detritus,
grazing

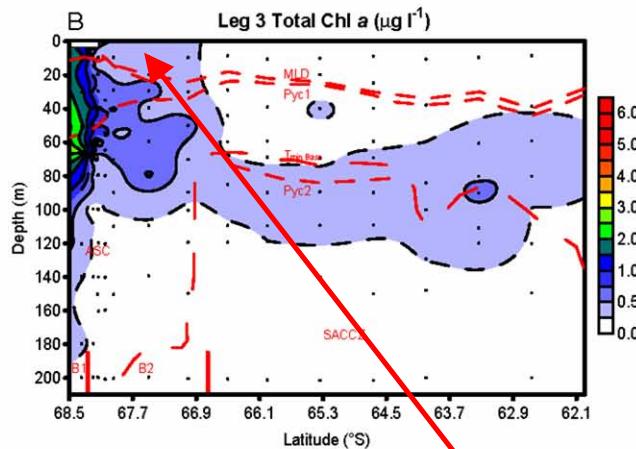
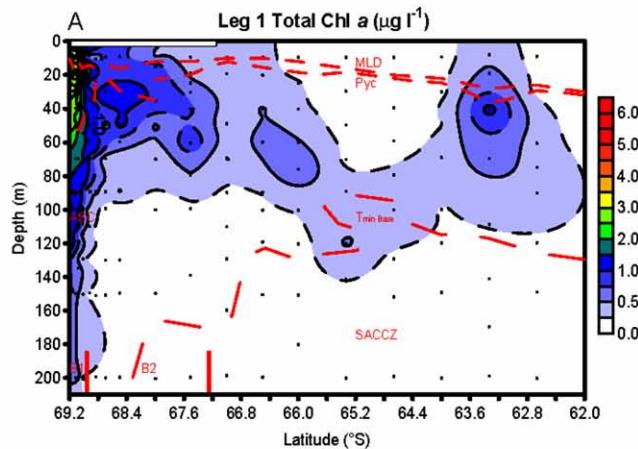


B1 is nutrient exhausted by its conclusion

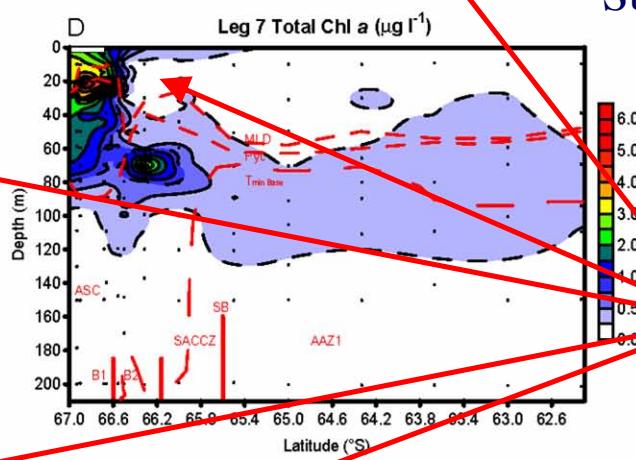
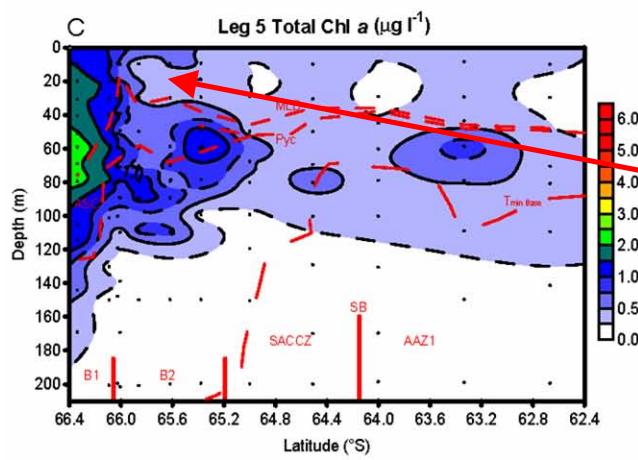


=senescence

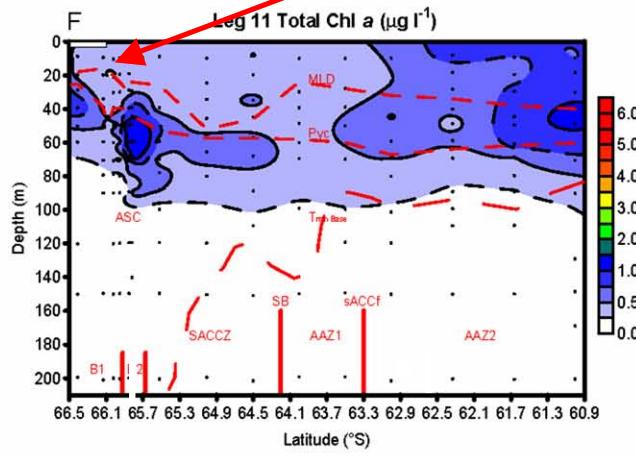
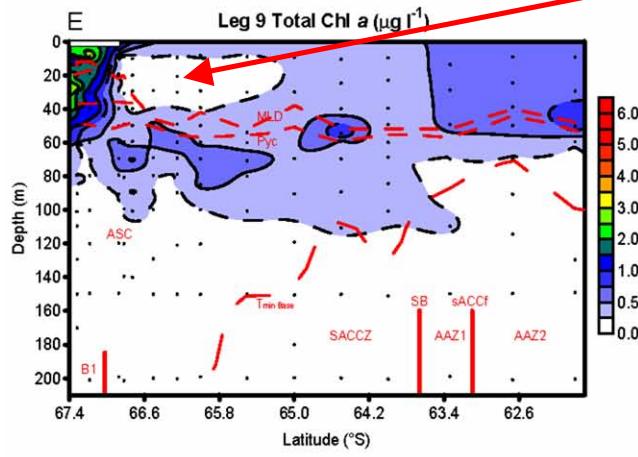




Total Chl a
along each transect



Subsurface secondary bloom



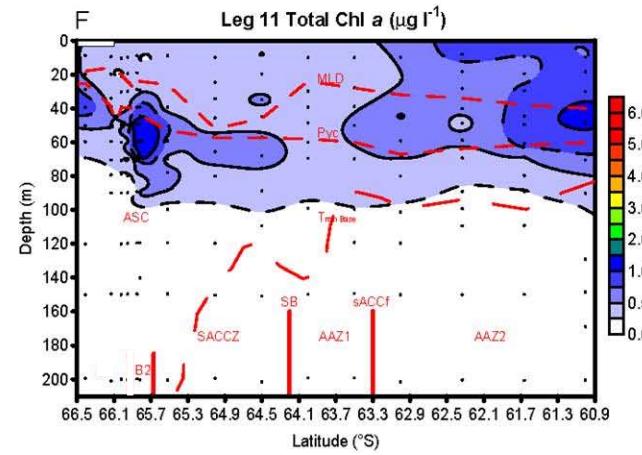
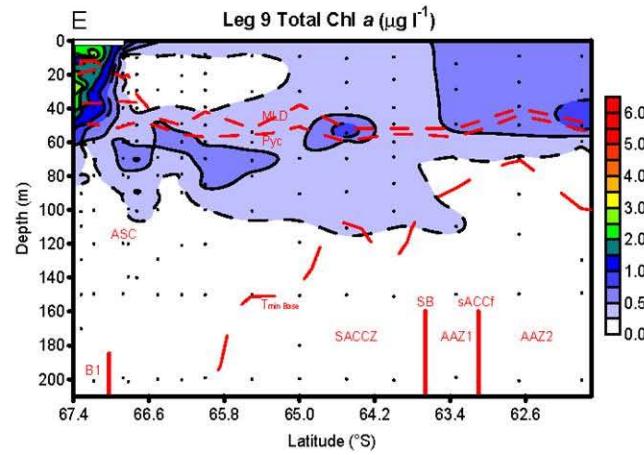
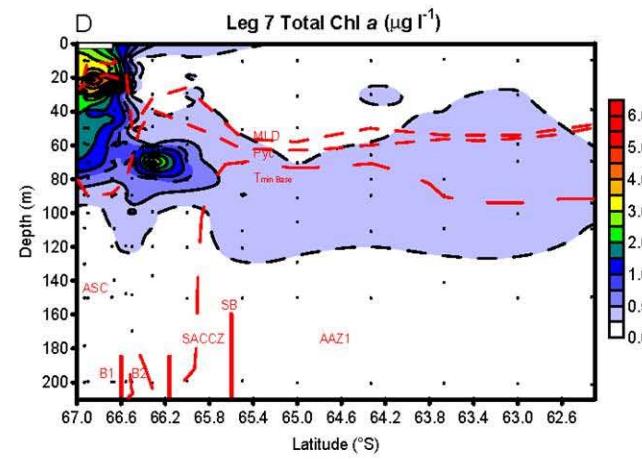
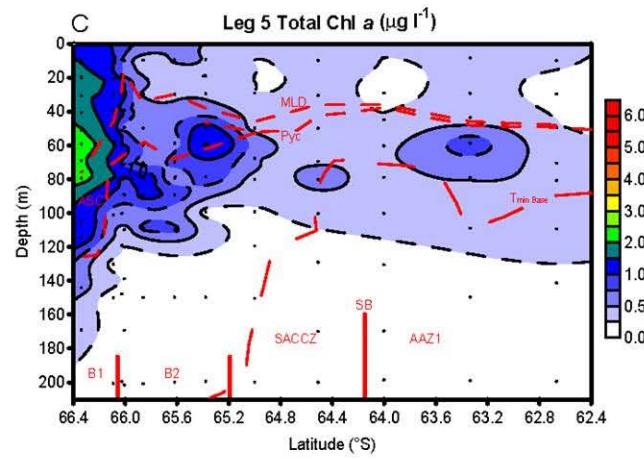
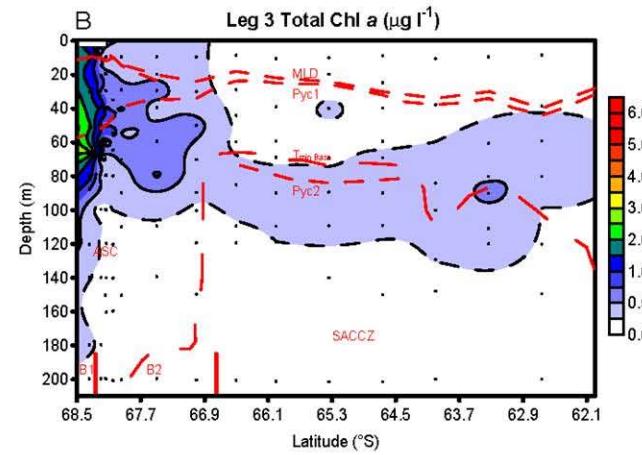
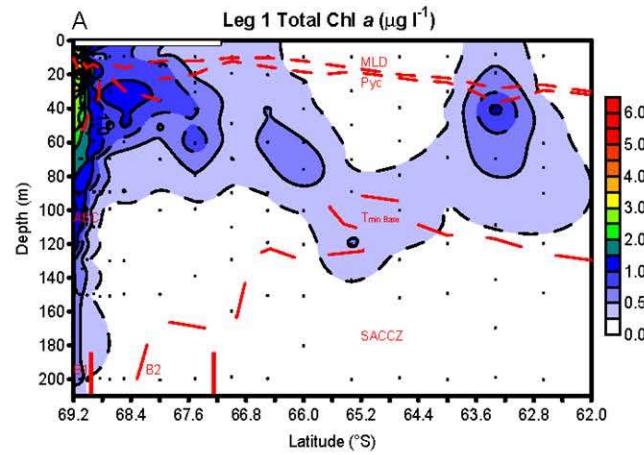
Deep chlorophyll maximum
often below T_{\min} layer

Hole near ice edge

Deep bloom under ice

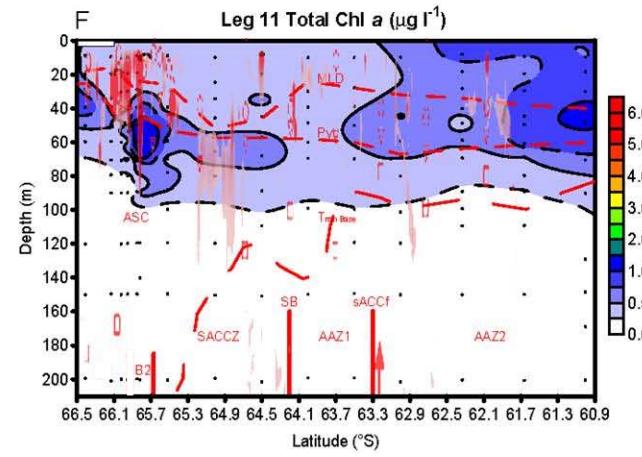
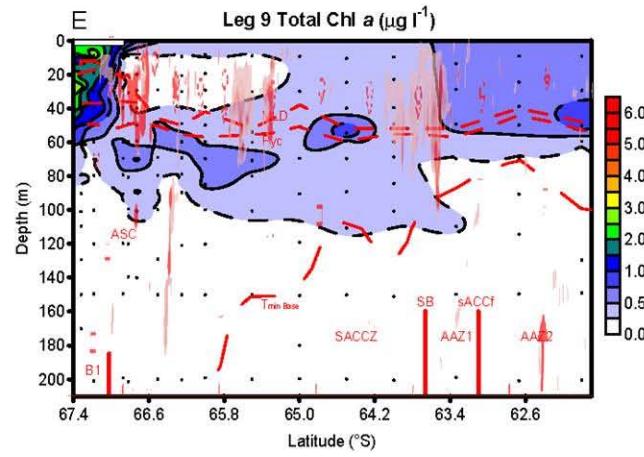
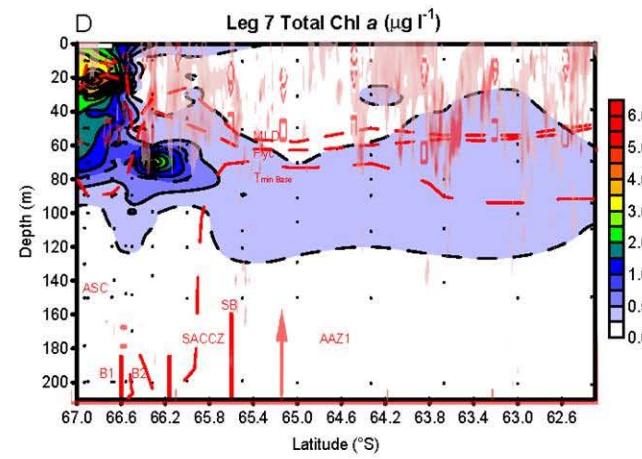
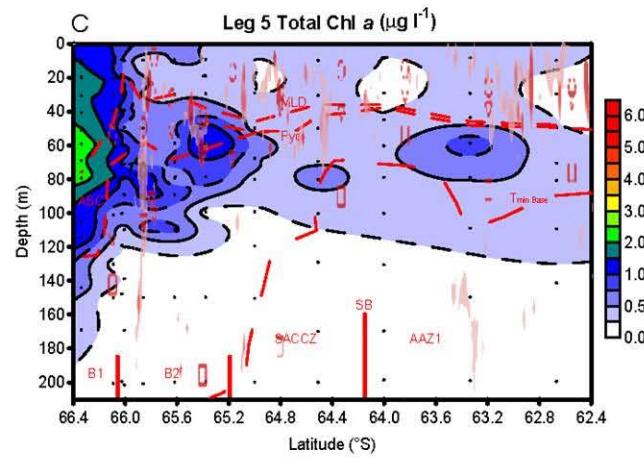
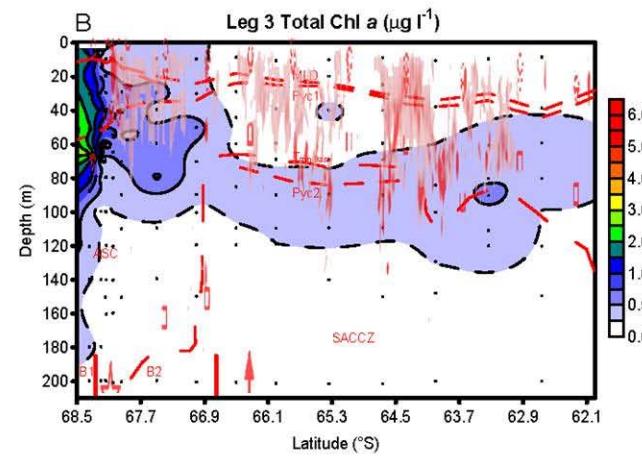
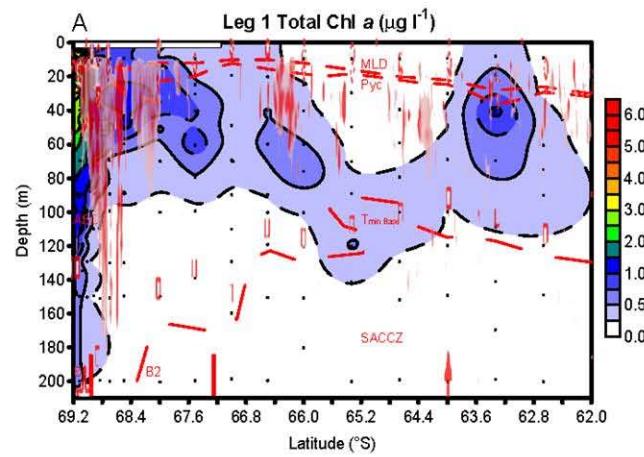
Consistent features

Grazing



Grazing

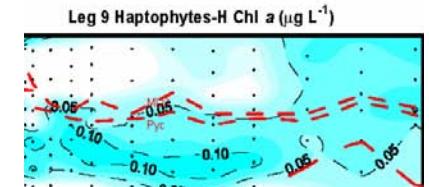
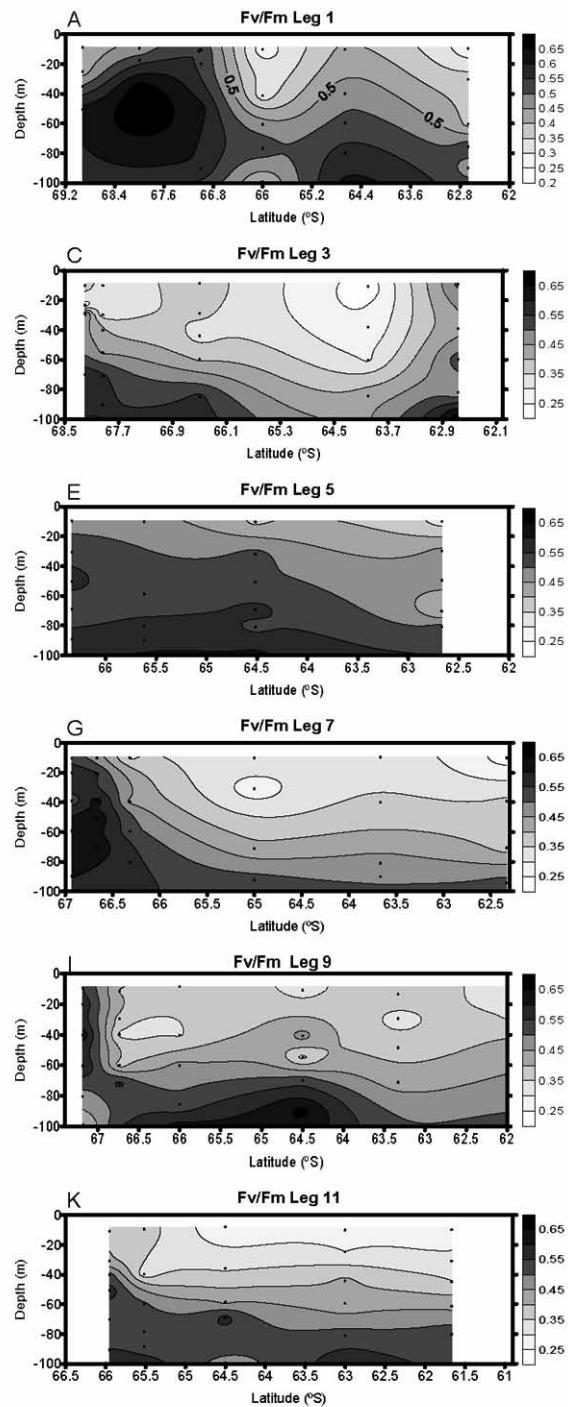
Krill
(Jarvis et al, in press,
Deep-Sea Res.)



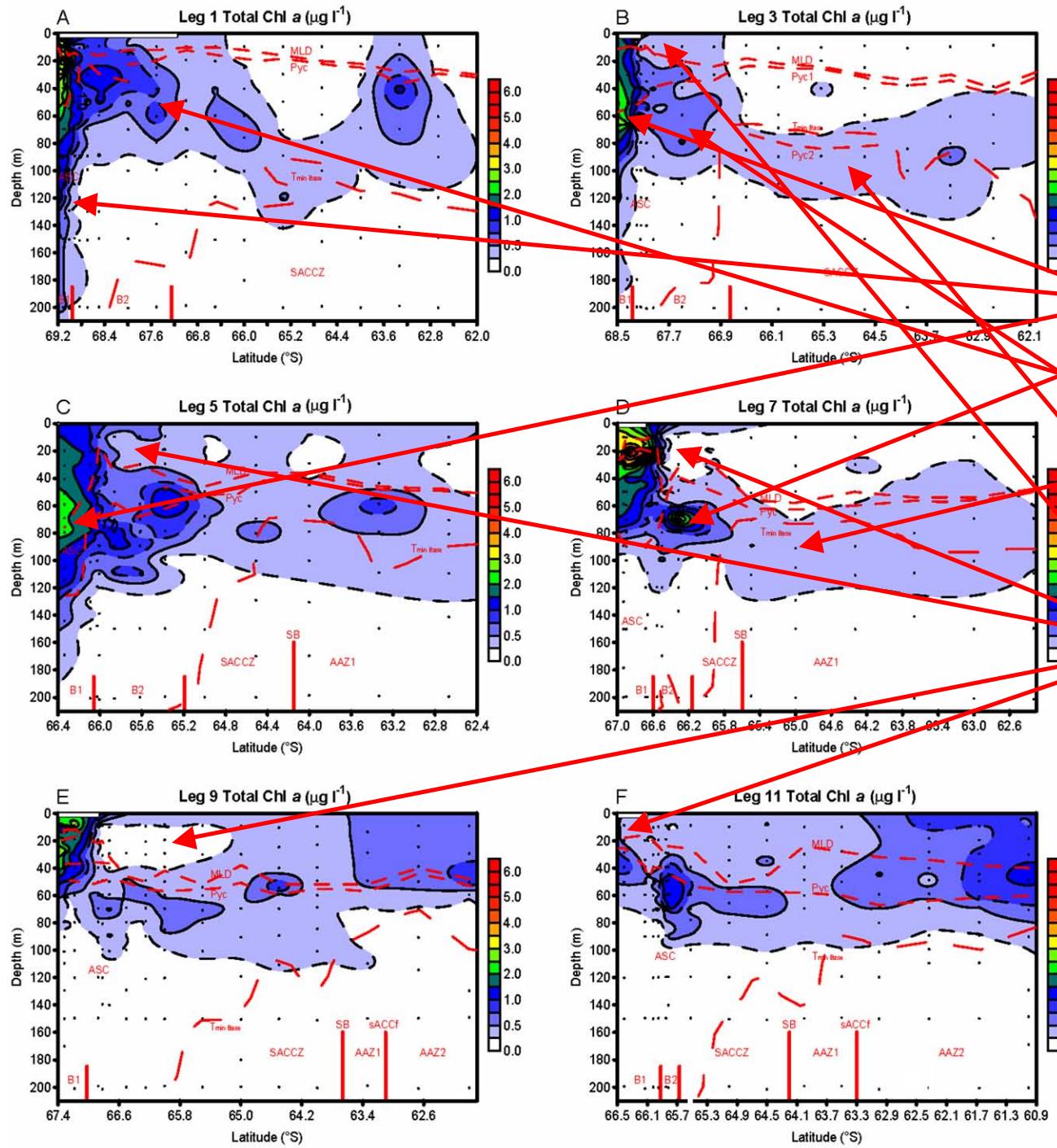
PAM Fluoro Fv/Fm (dark adapted)

Proxy for
nutrients

=Iron?



Iron controls depth of DCM



Total Chl a
along each transect

Consistent features

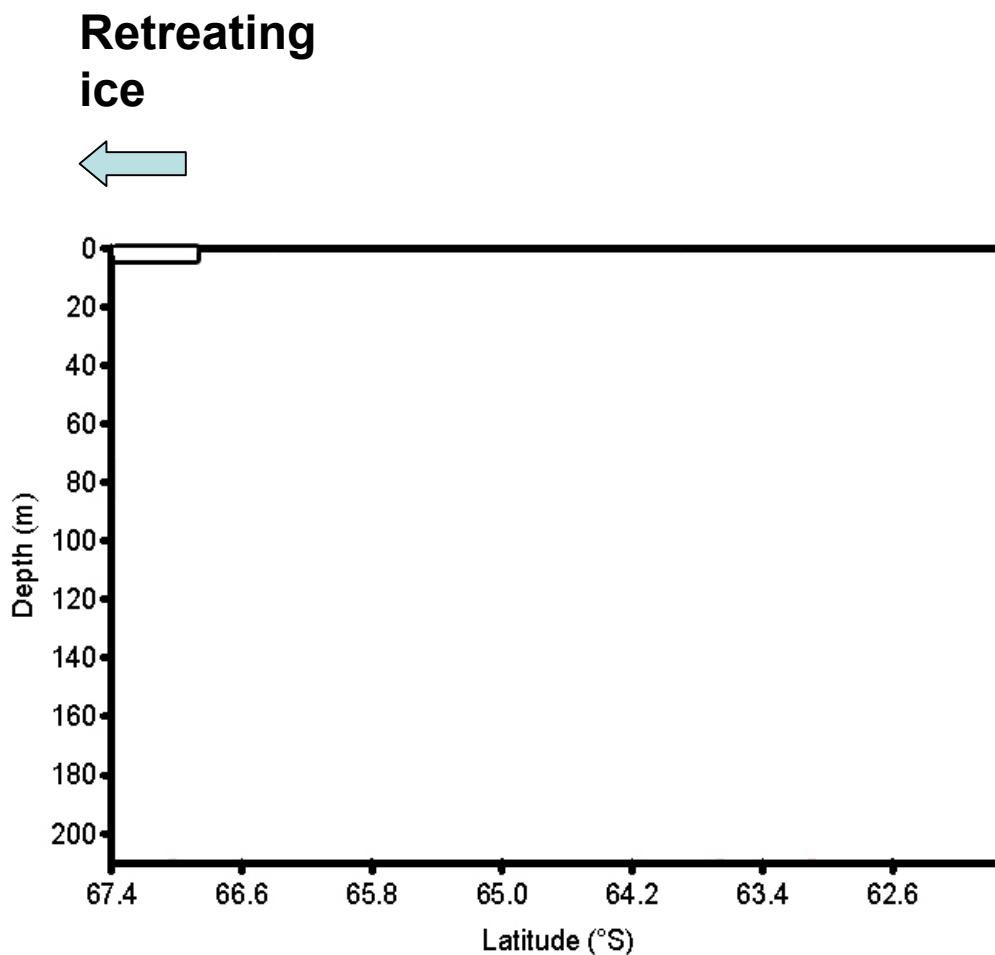
Deep bloom under ice

Subsurface secondary bloom

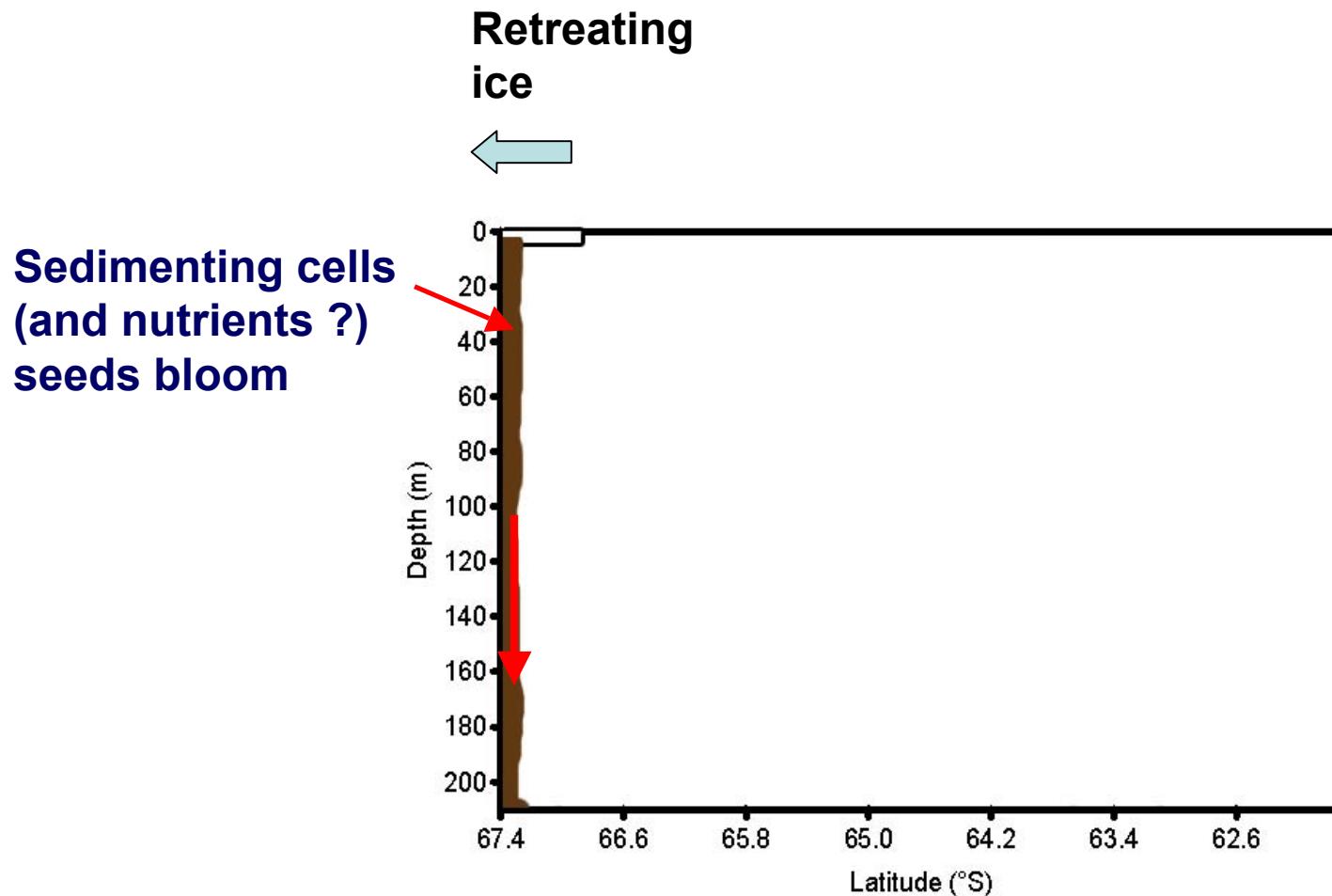
Deep chlorophyll maximum
often below T_{\min} layer

Hole near ice edge

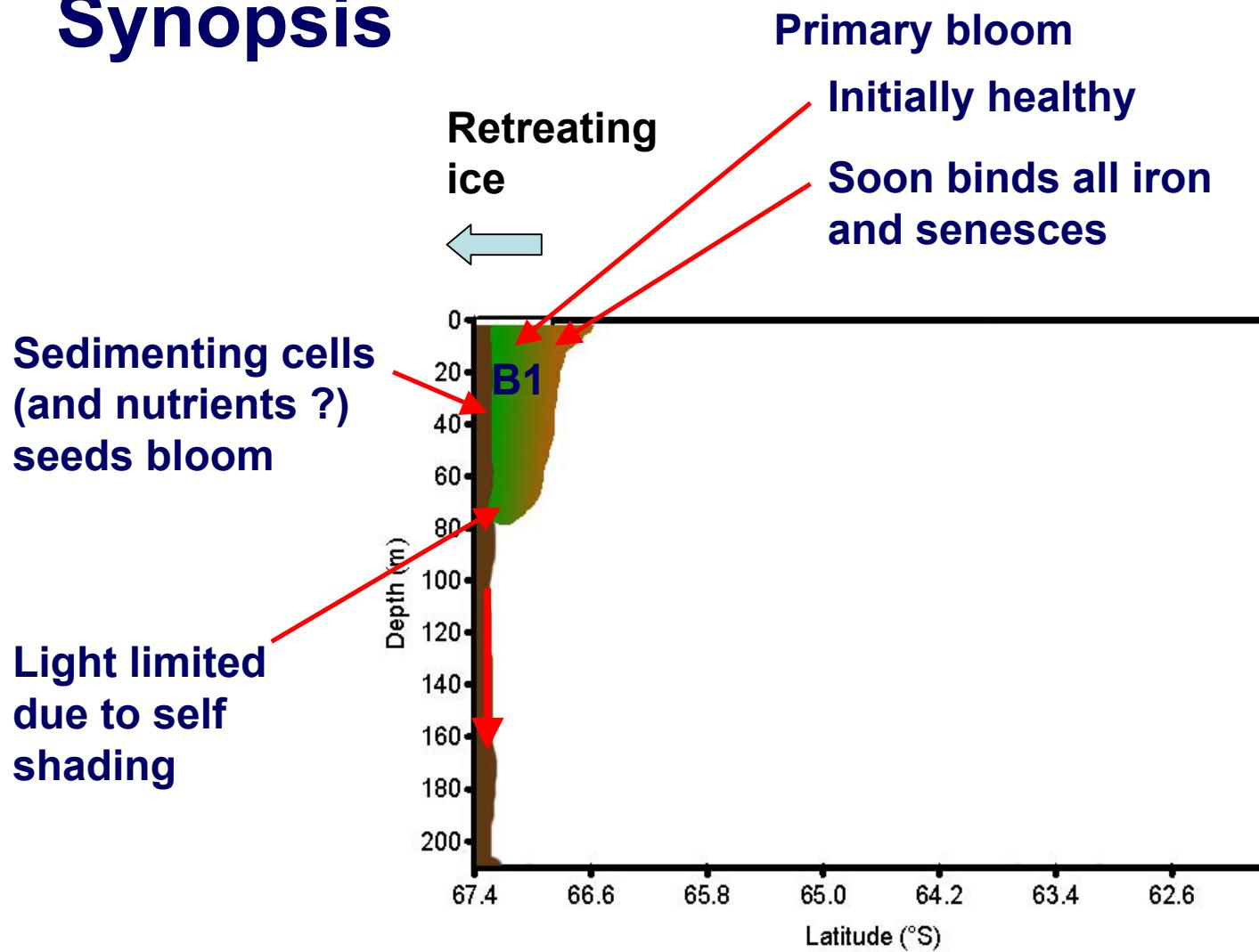
Synopsis



Synopsis

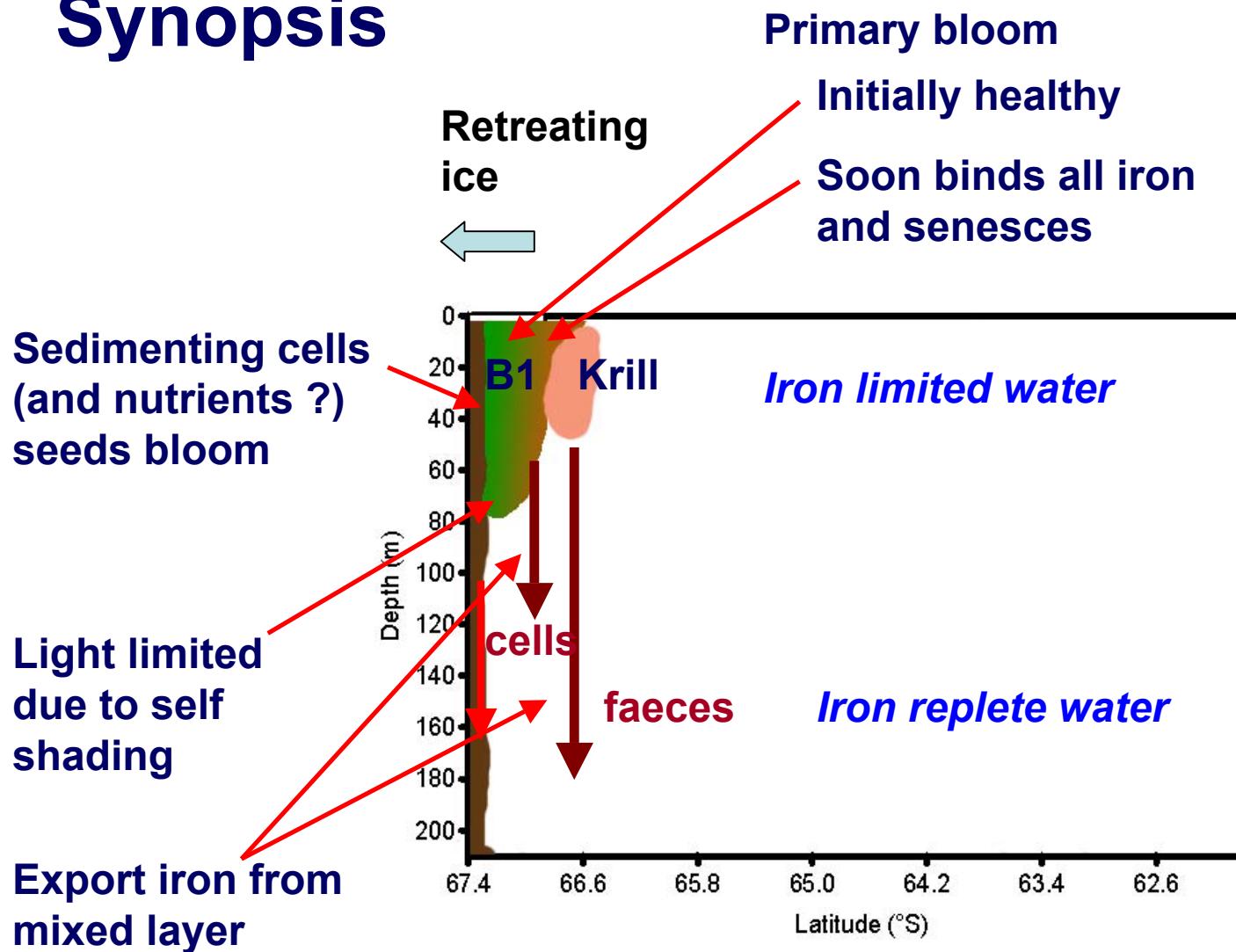


Synopsis



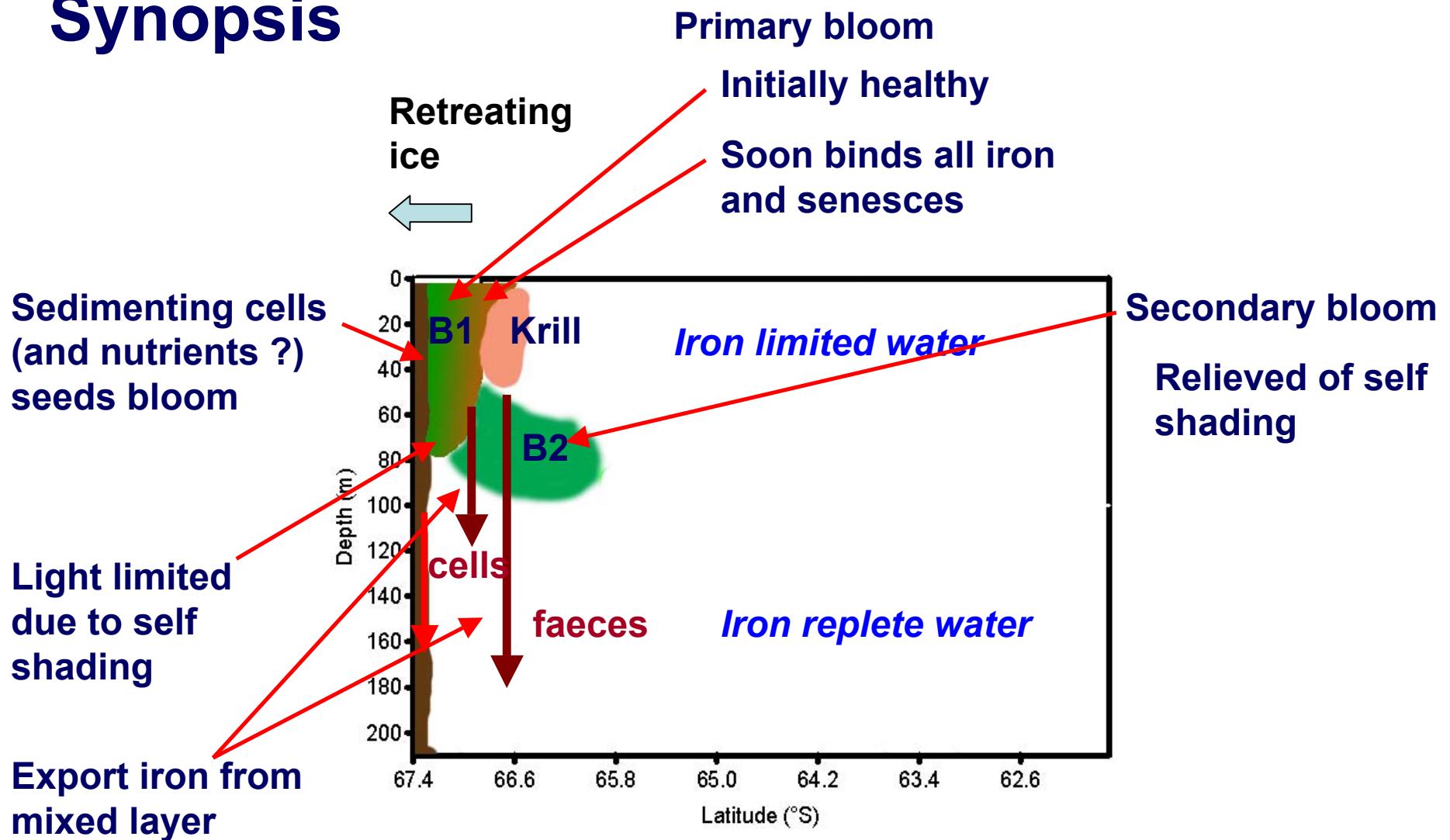
B1:
Diatoms B and A
Phaeocystis col or gam (H)
Cryptophytes

Synopsis



B1:
Diatoms B and A
Phaeocystis col or gam (H)
Cryptophytes

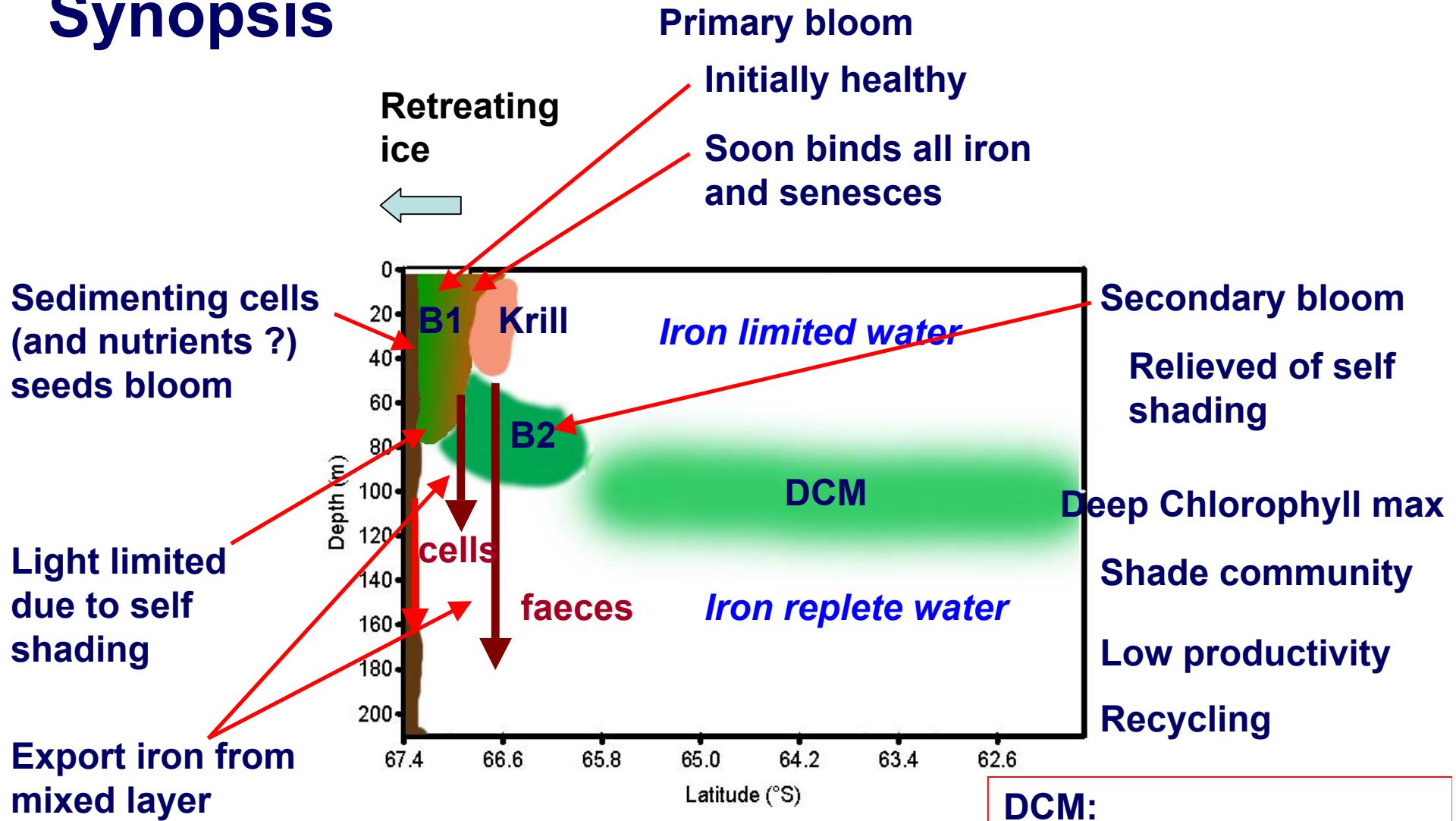
Synopsis



B1:
Diatoms B and A
Phaeocystis col or gam (H)
Cryptophytes

B2:
Phaeocystis gam.(L)
Prasinophytes

Synopsis



B1:
Diatoms B and A
Phaeocystis col or gam (H)
Cryptophytes

B2:
Phaeocystis gam.(L)
Prasinophytes

DCM:
Prasinophytes
Dinoflagellates
Phaeocystis gam (L)
Parmales
Small diatoms

A photograph of a whale breaching the ocean surface. The whale's dark dorsal fin and white pectoral fin are visible above the water. A light blue speech bubble originates from the whale's mouth area, containing the text "Save the plankton !".

Save the
plankton !

[+] **Summary tables - JP**

Type	Data	n	chl c3	MV- chl c3	Mg- DVP	chl c2	chl c1	BUT	FUCO	4k- HEX	HEX	DIAD	DIAT	$\beta\epsilon$ - CAR	$\beta\beta$ - CAR	c2- MGDG [14/18]	c2- MGDG [14/14]
HAPTO-6																	
Culture	LL	4	0.229		0.018	0.341			0.340	0.125	0.234	0.094	0.011	0.013	0.023	0.099	
"	ML	21	0.176	0.016	0.007	0.192		0.005	0.263	0.149	0.562	0.127	0.036		0.025	0.089	
"	HL	6	0.130	0.042	0.022	0.290			0.072	0.029	0.248	0.102	0.051		0.020	0.043	
"	Min	34	0.110	0.005	0.002	0.145	0	0	0.006	0.029	0.037	0.026	0.004	0.013	0.008	0.043	0
"	Max	34	0.229	0.050	0.022	0.341	0	0.008	0.722	0.313	1.507	0.316	0.169	0.013	0.049	0.099	0
"	Mean	34	0.177	0.018	0.009	0.209		0.005	0.229	0.137	0.470	0.137	0.047	0.013	0.026	0.087	
"	Std Dev	34	0.031	0.015	0.006	0.066		0.004	0.186	0.082	0.344	0.094	0.054		0.015	0.014	
Field	LL	14	0.150			0.171		0.016	0.224		1.342	0.099				0.097	
"	ML	15	0.132			0.180	0	0.015	0.186		1.138	0.100		0.007	0.013		
"	HL	42	0.155	0.119	0	0.157	0	0.019	0.195		1.054	0.122		0.014	0.030	0.090	0
"	Min	86	0.033	0.119	0	0.080	0	0	0	0.228	0.015	0	0.006	0.012	0.082	0	
"	Max	86	0.300	0.119	0	0.230	0	0.198	0.722	0	2.066	0.196	0	0.014	0.030	0.097	0
"	Mean	86	0.146	0.119	0	0.168	0	0.015	0.195		1.214	0.109		0.010	0.021	0.091	0
"	Std Dev	86	0.087			0.048	0	0.028	0.172		0.595	0.046		0.004	0.010	0.008	

References (see Table p): 13, 15, 16, 18, 19, 21–24, 26–29, 31–35, 37, 40, 42–45, 47, 61, 63–65

HAPTO-7																	
Culture	LL	7	0.215	0.017	0.010	0.227	0.009	0.023	0.420	0.100	0.682	0.181	0.005	0.025	0.030	0.091	0.110
"	ML	15	0.210	0.028	0.015	0.198	0.009	0.009	0.436	0.215	0.543	0.267	0.015	0.017	0.037	0.097	0.081
"	HL	6	0.171	0.030	0.020	0.251	0.025	0.013	0.259	0.037	0.491	0.167	0.086	0.007	0.022	0.085	0.131
"	Min	29	0.060	0.008	0.003	0.094	0.009	0	0.004	0.016	0.007	0.070	0.005	0.007	0.013	0.002	0.027
"	Max	29	0.346	0.041	0.045	0.400	0.025	0.024	1.184	0.674	1.315	0.644	0.365	0.045	0.068	0.285	0.300
"	Mean	29	0.202	0.026	0.015	0.216	0.014	0.011	0.388	0.151	0.567	0.201	0.061	0.020	0.030	0.094	0.103
"	Std Dev	29	0.052	0.011	0.011	0.071	0.009	0.008	0.365	0.160	0.309	0.136	0.115	0.011	0.015	0.084	0.078
Field	LL	2	0.079			0.144		0.009	0.125		1.077						0.134
"	ML	0															
"	HL	4	0.171			0.190	0	0.004	0.244		0.706						0.109
"	Min	8	0.058	0	0	0.110	0	0	0.009	0	0	0	0	0	0.034	0	
"	Max	8	0.296	0	0	0.422	0	0.062	0.465	0	1.281	0	0	0	0	0.034	0.188
"	Mean	8	0.136			0.198	0	0.012	0.199		0.794					0.034	0.101
"	Std Dev	8	0.088			0.101	0	0.021	0.168		0.386						0.073

References (see Table p): 25, 54, 61, 63, 64

HAPTO-8																	
Culture	LL	4	0.222	0.010	0.071	0.232		0.043	0.555	0.049	0.250	0.125	0.006	0.027	0.028	0.069	
"	ML	22	0.176	0.018	0.007	0.179		0.129	0.274	0.062	0.422	0.216	0.039	0.024	0.053	0.055	

- **5.4.3 Guide for quantitative chemotaxonomic interpretation of pigment data**

- Step by step guide:
 - Examine the pigment data for specific markers for algal types (Section 5.2.1)
 - Examine available complementary data
 - *Microscopy data:*
 - *Flow cytometry and FlowCAM data:*
 - *In situ and in vivo fluorometry data: in situ fluorescence profiles*
 - *Environmental data:*
 - *Remote sensing data:*
 - *Productivity and grazing data:*
 - *Cluster analysis*
 - Pigment data exploration:
 - *Multiple linear regression (MLR)*
 - *Testing correlation*
 - *diatoxanthin + diadinoxanthin:Chl a*
 - CHEMTAX analysis
 - *Sub-grouping*
 - *Initial pigment:Chl a ratio and ratio limit matrices*
 - *Preliminary CHEMTAX analysis*
 - *Comprehensive CHEMTAX analysis*
 - *Publication of CHEMTAX (or ISE) estimates*

CHEMTAX uses a steepest descent algorithm

Like dropping a blind parachutist and telling him to walk downhill



The parachutist might get trapped in local minima





Image © 2006 DigitalGlobe
Image © 2006 TerraMetrics

© 2005 Google

Pointer 36°13'14.91" N 112°17'09.37" W elev 5548 ft

Streaming ||||||| 100%

Eye alt 13248 ft



