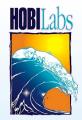


# Measuring Optical Properties in Case 2 Waters: Some AOP and IOP Considerations

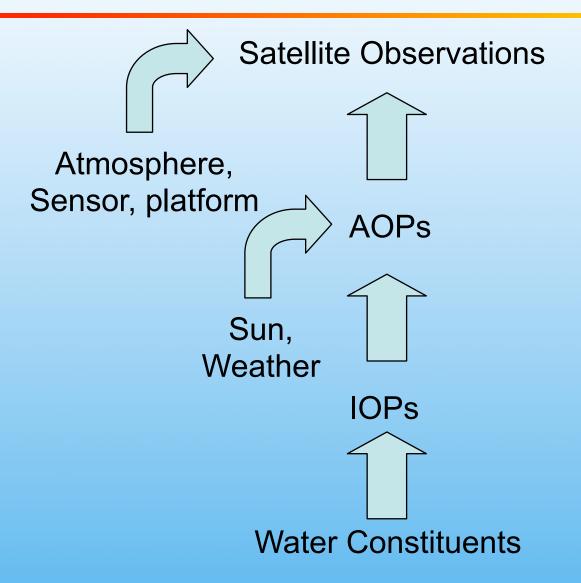
David R. Dana, Chief Engineer Robert A. Maffione, Chief Scientist HOBI Labs, Inc.



1. Hyperspectral and IOP Measurements

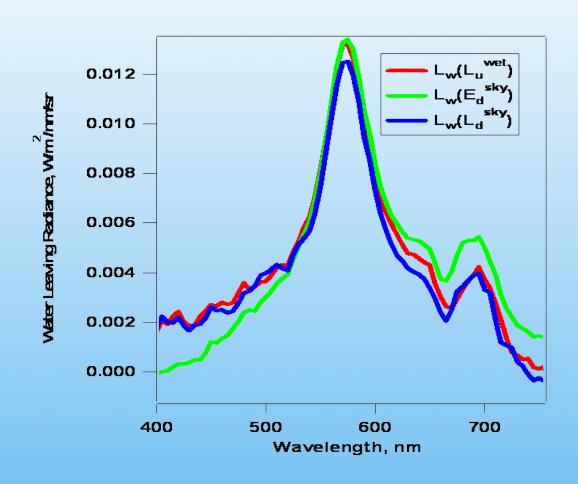


## Why IOPs?



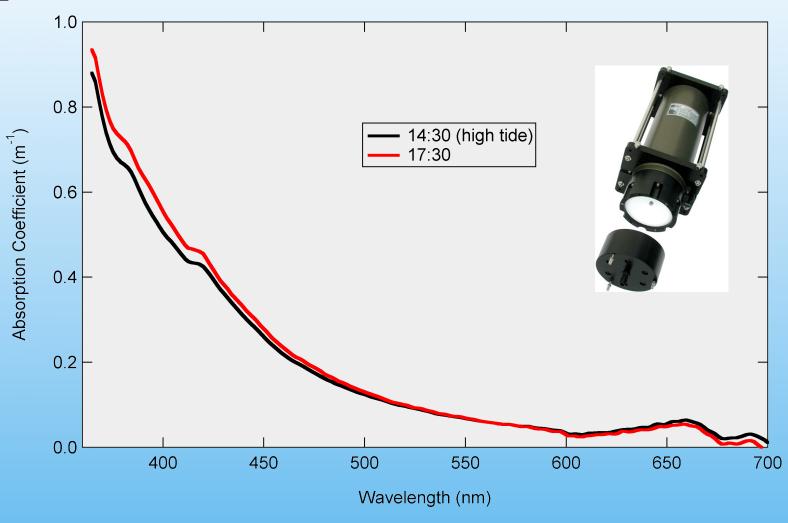


# Why Hyperspectral Measurements?





## Why Hyperspectral Measurements?





#### Hyperspectral: What's Different?

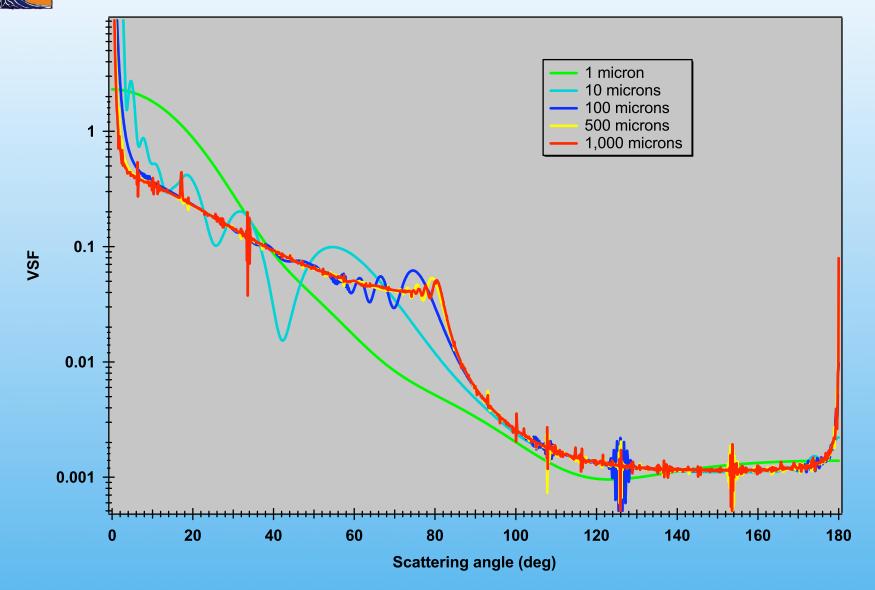
- Optical designs and detector characteristics vary
- Fiber optic light collectors
- Integration time and dynamic range
- Data density

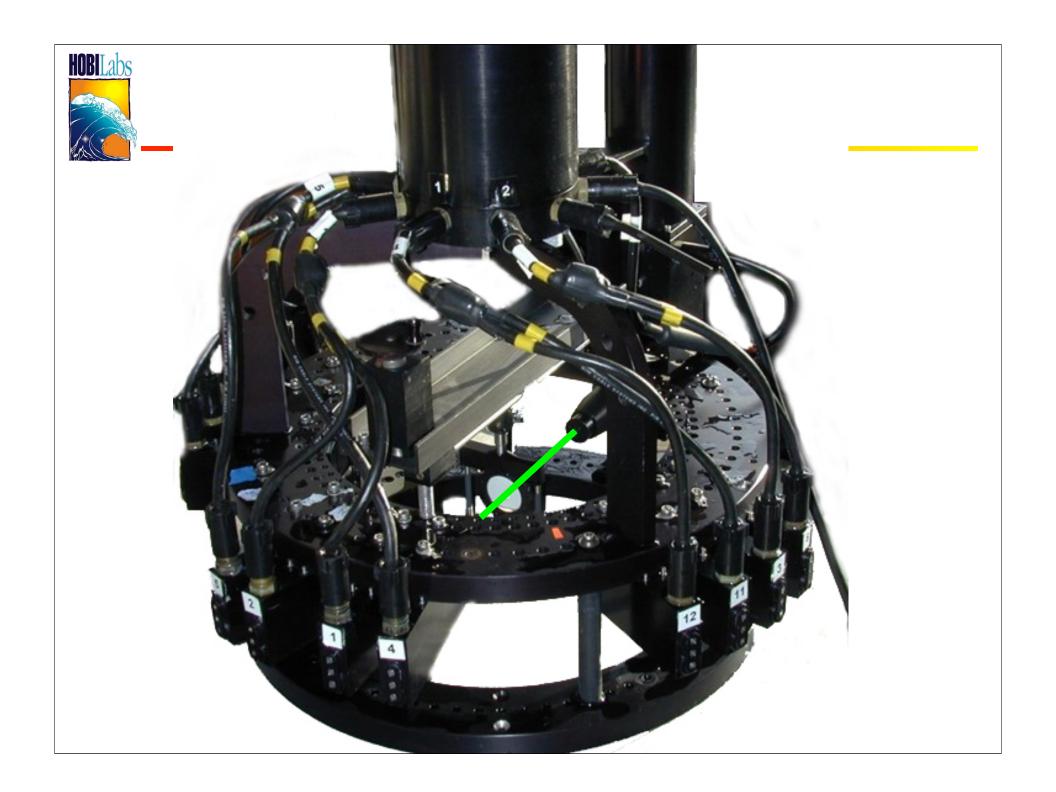


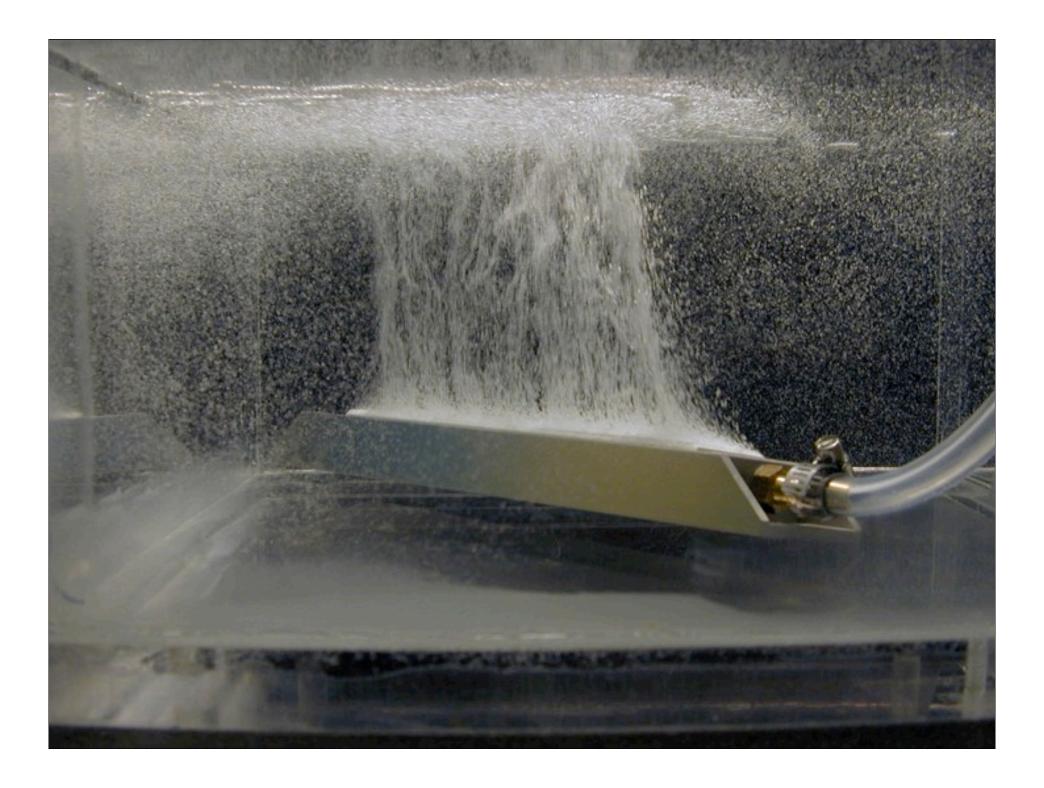
#### 2. Bubbles

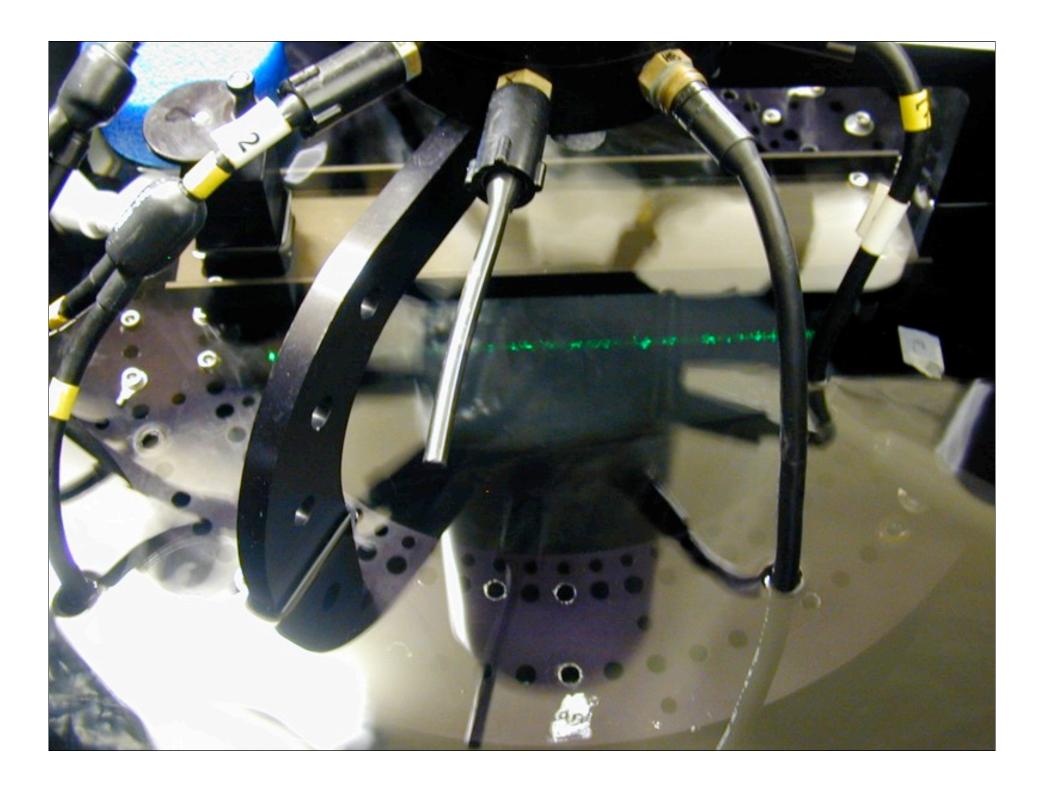


#### Calculated VSF of Bubbles



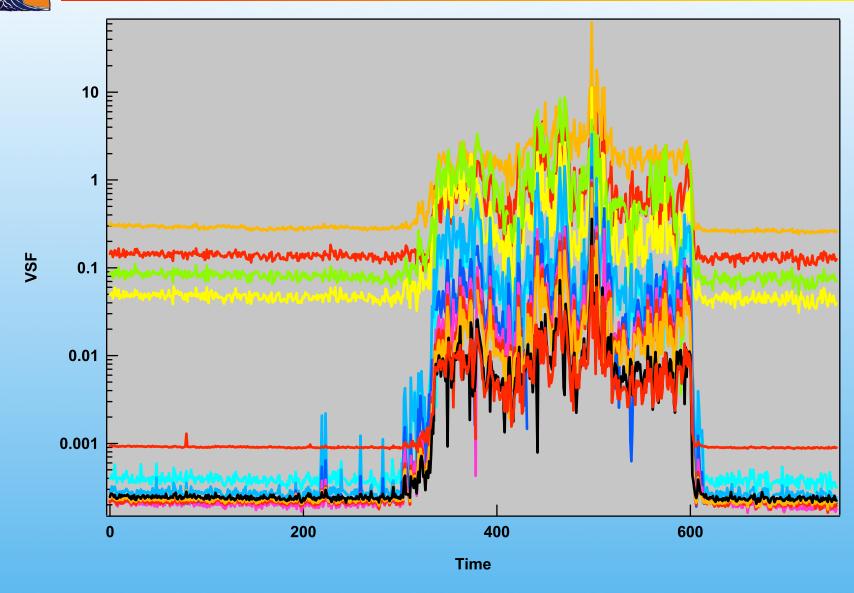






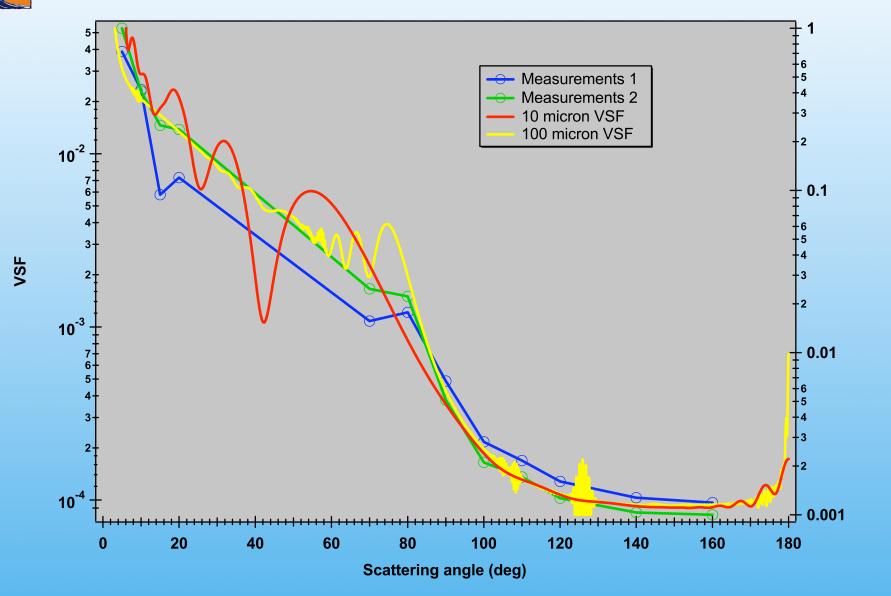


#### **Bubble VSF Time Series**



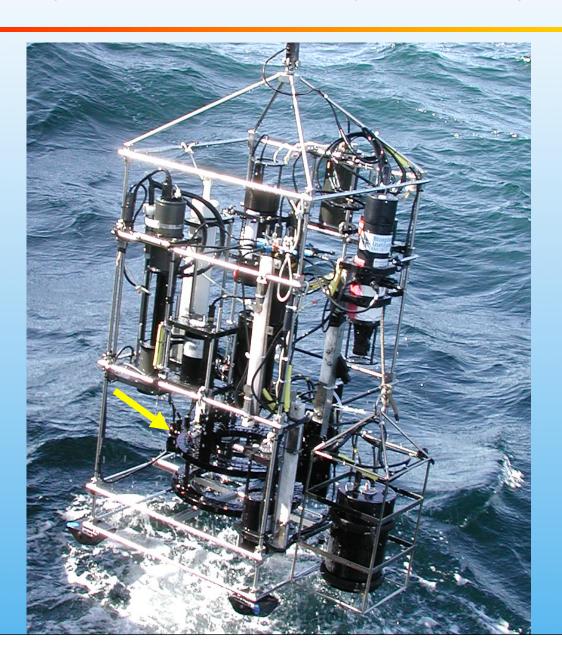


#### **Bubble VSF Calculated and Measured**





# HydroProfiler with HydroBeta (etc)

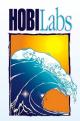




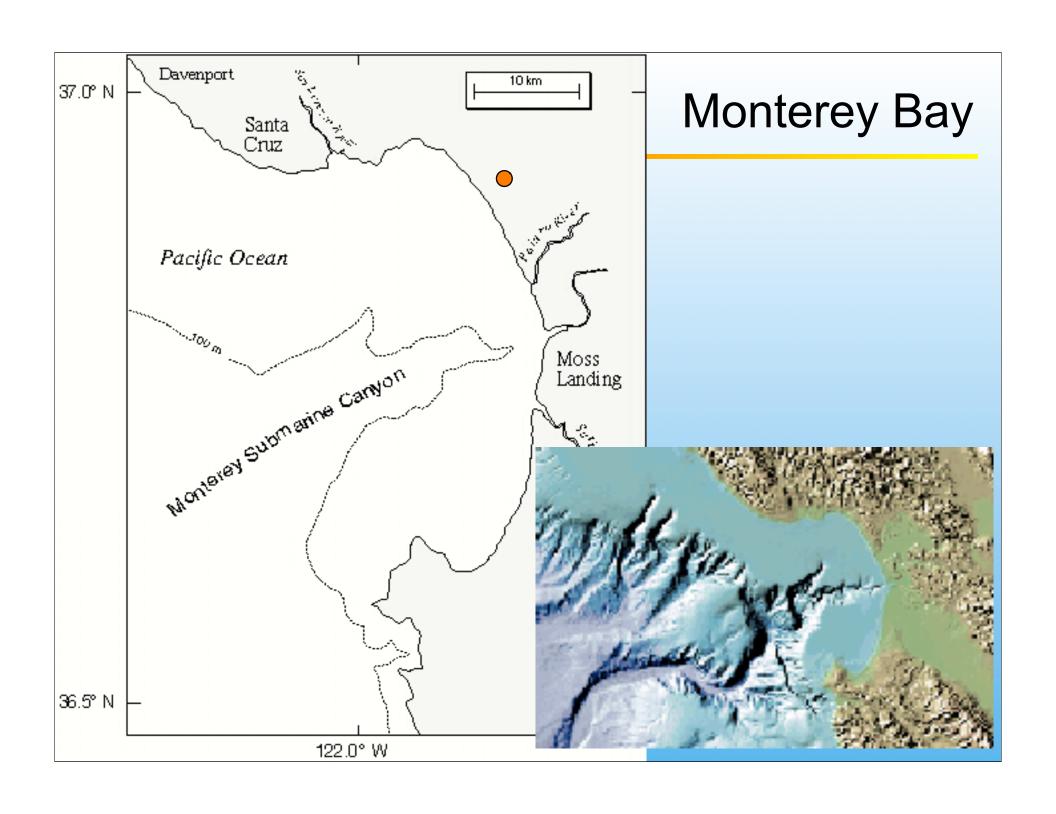


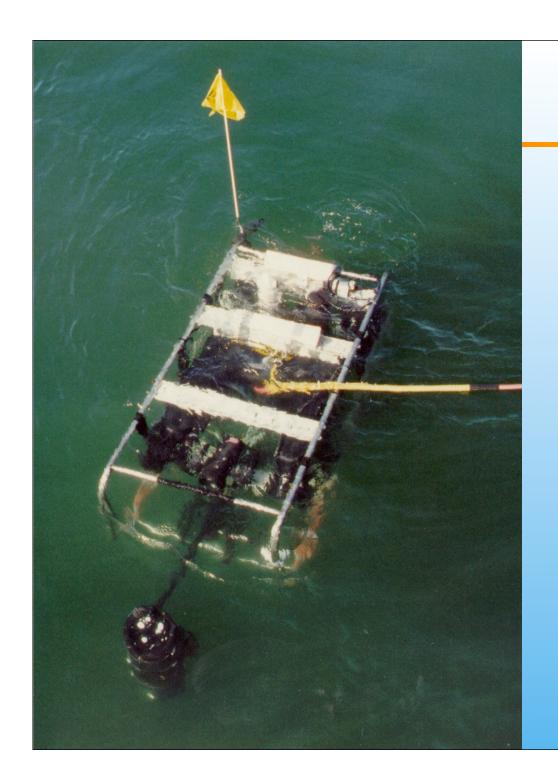
#### **Bubble Experiment Results**

- HydroBeta detected characteristic bubble signature, but bubbles dissipated very rapidly.
- WALRUS observations of radiometric parameters also showed substantial, but short-lived, bubble effects.
- Bubble effects persist only if continually replenished by wind or waves.



#### 3. Near-shore Internal Waves



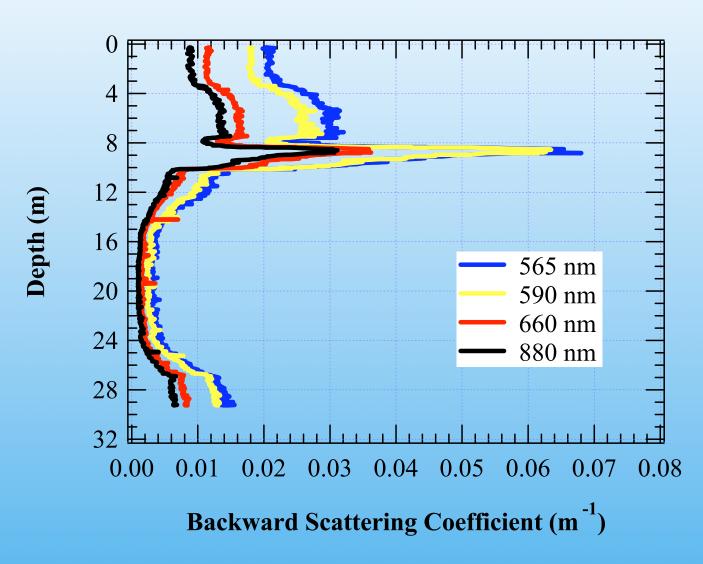


# **BORIS**

Bio-Optical
Remotely-operated
Instrumented
Submersible

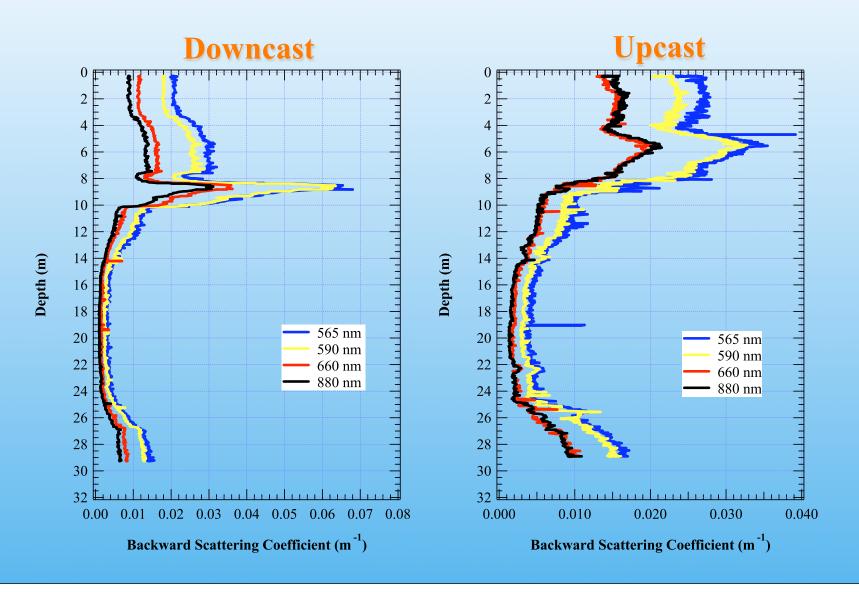


#### Thin Layer in Monterey Bay



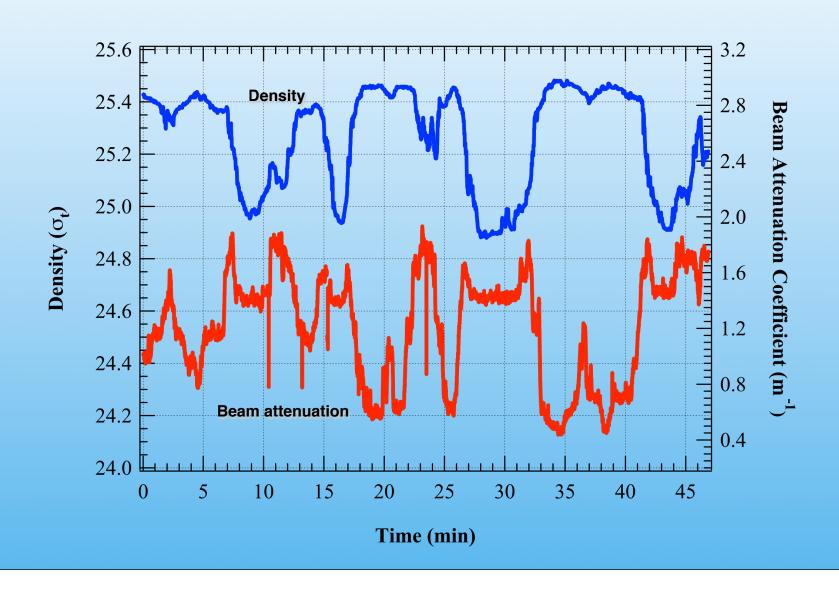


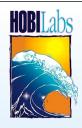
#### The layer shifts - rapidly!



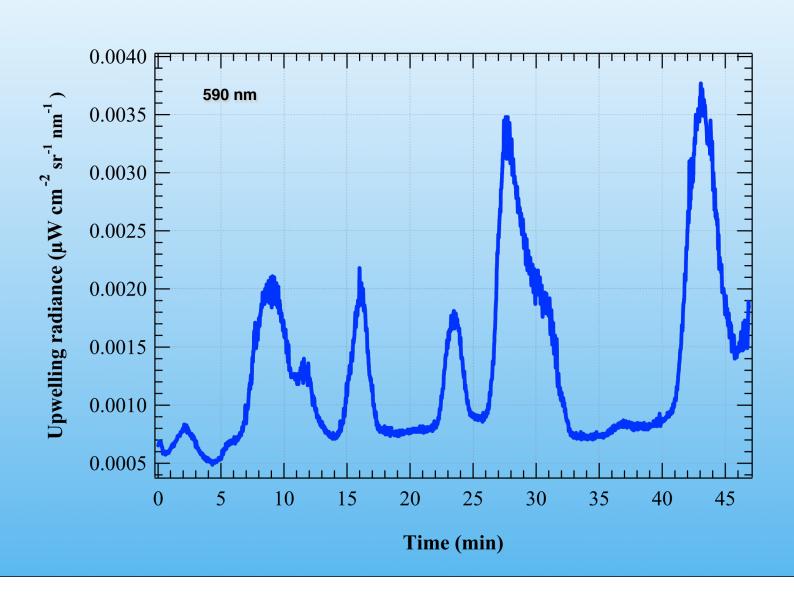


#### Internal Wave Revealed



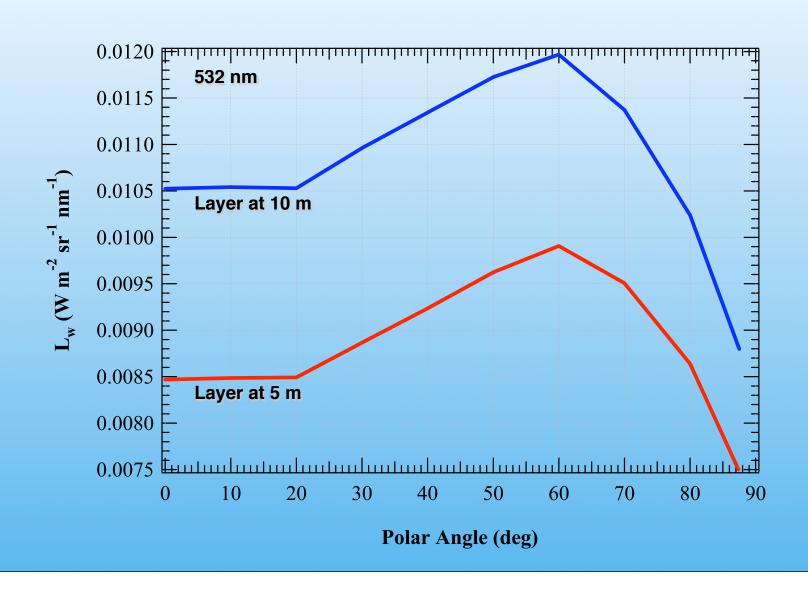


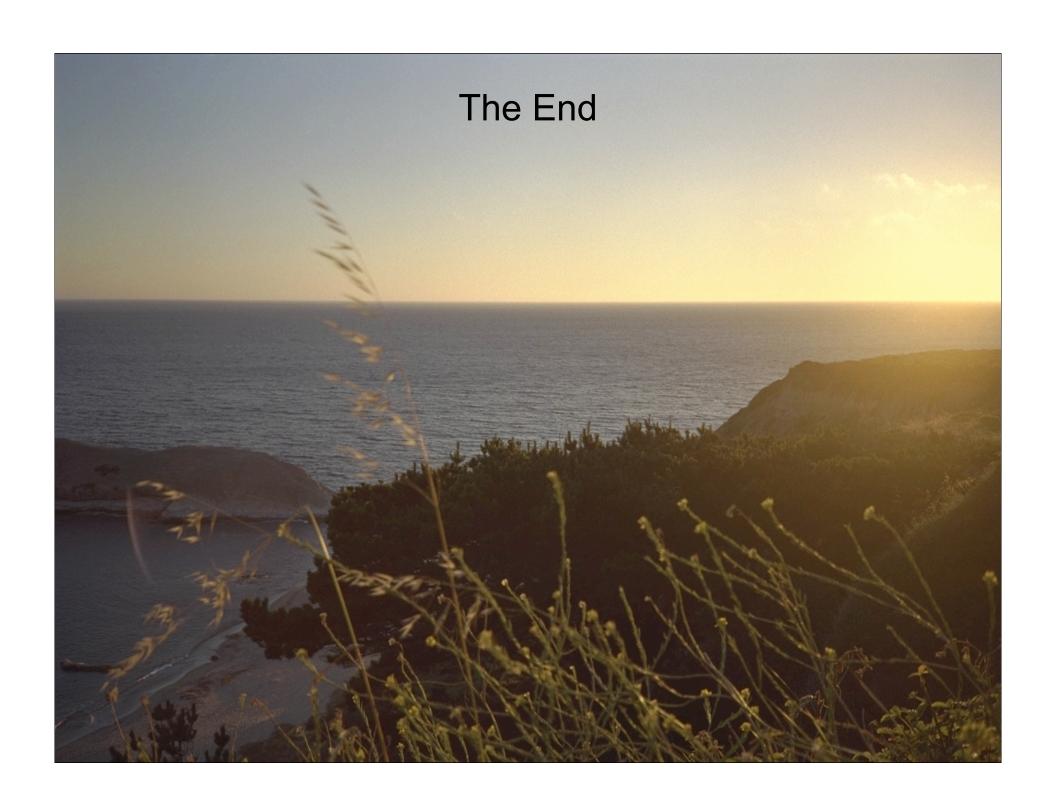
#### Optical Effects of a Near-Shore Internal Wave





#### Modeled L<sub>w</sub> for a Modulated 2-Layer System







#### Why Hyperspectral Measurements?

